Israeli police chief planning to resign

TEL AVIV (AP) — Israel's police chief on Saturday handed in a resignation letter following a supreme court ruling to investigate accusations that be accepted personal favors. "Today I handed the police minister a letter in which I asked to be released from my duty as police commissioner of the Israeli police force," said inspector General Rafi Peled. The resignation comes at a sensitive time for Israel which is facing a spate of Palestinian reprisal attacks for the Hebron mosque massacre. Police and the army are under scrutiny by an official commission investigating how a Jewish gunman entered the holy site on Feb. 25 where he killed more than 30 Palestinian worshippers. Mr. Peled's resignation stems from a supreme court ruling nn Thursday that said there were grounds to examine reported improprieties such as accepting discounts and other perks from private companies while in office. Mr. Peled said that the court raling would lead to an extensive period of hearings and investigations widely covered by the press. "Israel is standing before a difficult period on many fronts and the Israeli police is the front line," Mr. Peled said.



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Volume 18 Number 5583

AMMAN SUNDAY, APRIL 10, 1994, SHAWWAL 27, 1414

Jordan, Egypt to discuss cooperation

CAIRO (Petra) — Minister of Industry and Trade Rima Khalaf said Saturday the Joint Jordanian-Egyptian Higher Committee will meet in the last third of April to discuss means of enhancing economic cooperation between Jordan and Egypt. Dr. Khalaf, who is currently visiting Cairo to open the Jordanian pavillion at the 'Cairo International Fair, said the committee will also discuss Jordanian-Egyptian cooperation in industrial and investment fields in addition to holding an assessment of the two countries joint ventures.

3 guerrillas killed by Israeli fire

MARJAYOUN (AP) -Israeli forces hlasted infiltrating guerrillas with tank fire Saturday in Israeli-occupied South Lebanon, killing three of them, security sources said, The sources said the guerrillas were killed when Israeli troops spotted them trying to sneak into a route leading to their hillton position of Nabi Al Taher in the early afternoon. Nahi Al Taher is five kilometres inside the central sector of an area Israel occupies as a "security zone."

Plans finalised for Hebron observers

ROME (R) — A working party of officials from Italy, Denmark and Norway has finalised plans to send an observer force to monitor security in the troubled West Bank town of Hebron, the Italian foreign ministry said on Saturday. The European nations will send a 160-strong force to Hebron which will operate there for three months, the statement said. Under the terms of their mandate, the observers will monitor security and the comunitment of the two sides to ensure a return to normal conditions for the Palestiniao population. The observers will be allowed to carry pistols for self-defence in Hebron.

Kiestii in Syria

DAMASCUS (AP) - Austrian President Thomas Klestil arrived Saturday for talks on the Middle East peace process and hilateral relations. President Hafez Al Assad greeted his guest at Damascus airport and the two drove straight to the presidential palace for a first round of talks. Austrian emhassy officials said Mr. Klestil will visit Quneitra on the Golan on Sunday to inspect some 500 Austrian soldiers serving with a U.N. peacekeeping force. In an interview with Syrian television ahead of his visit, Mr. Klestil said Friday he would like to see progress in efforts to find a settlement to the Syrian-Israeli

Kuwaiti ministers quit before reshuffle

KUWAIT (AP) - Ministers of Sheikh Saad Al Abdullah Al Sabah's cabinet tendered their resignations Saturday in response to his recent announcement of an impending reshuffle. The state-run Kowait News Agency (KUNA) quoted the minister of state for cabinet affairs, Abdul Aziz Al Dakheel, as saying the 15 ministers made the decision in order to facilitate the reshuffle for Sheikh Saad, who is prime minister and crown prince. KUNA did not say if Sheikh Saad accepted the resignations, but said the officials wished him success in all his

2 killed in Algeria

TUNIS (R) — Two gunmen shot a 24-year-old Algerian in the head while she sat in a hus in a suburb of Algiers, Al Watan newspaper reported on Saturday. In a separate attack, a member of a legal Islamie Party, Hamas, was shot and killed by unknown gunmen on Thursday, security forces said. Algeria's official APS news agency identified the man killed in Thursday's attack as Omar Khennouche, 43.

Israel rejects PLO call for immediate final status talks

ISRAEL REJECTED on

Saturday a Palestine Libera-tion Organisation (PLO) demand to scrap talks on limited self-rule and begin negociating the permanent status of the occupied Gaza Strip and West Bank.

"To think... we have to rush into a discussion of a perma-nent solution. I believe that right now it would be considered as we yield to terrorists, to terrorism," Deputy Defence Minister Mordechai Gur told Israel Radio's English-

language news.
PLO Executive Committee member Yasser Abed Rahbo said in Tnnis on Saturday the current talks with Israel on limited Palestinian self-rule were "dying" and talks on permanent status of the West Bank and Gaza Strip should

begin immediately.
"The (peace) deal is dying and the diplomatic process is reaching a total impasse," Mr. Abed-Rabbo told Renters.

He said negotiations with Israel oo limited self-rule cannot be concluded because of Israeli demands. The PLO would prefer to

negoriate immediately the final. status of all of the occupied territories, he said. "There must be a different formula hased on negotiating

immediately and directly a definitive solutioo," he said. Mr. Gur said Israel's decision to close off the occupied territories should not be misconstrued as a move towards

negotiations on a Palestinian

both for the Palestinians and for the Israeli economy and it cannot last for a long time because... it's as if we decided about the permanent border which is not the case," Mr.

Gur said.

Israel sealed off the Gaza Strip and West Bank on Thursday after two Palestinian guerrilla attacks which killed eight Israelis. The attacks were in retribution for the Hebron mosque massacre by a Jewish settler of more than 30 Palestinians in February.

Israel says it expects to resume talks with the PLO on limited Palestinian self-rule in Gaza and the West Bank town of Jericho on Sunday in Cairo. Mr. Abed-Rahbo said the

sealing off the territories jeopardised prospects for reaching agreement in Cairo.
"Even if the talks resume tomorrow (Sunday), there will not he results before April 13, not the month's end as Peres

said," he added. Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres has said he expects an agreement on Gaza-Jericho hy the end of April.

"There is no chance to realise progress and it appears that this is the true decision of (Israeli Prime Minister) Yitzhak Rabin and the majority of his cahinet, and what the (Israeli) cahinet decided yesterday oo the economic closure is an additional evidence of Rabin's intentions," Mr.

Abed Rabbo said. Mr. Abed Rabbo said the latest Israeli proposals in Cairo on security arrangements were unacceptable.

"These Israeli proposals have shown that Israel does not want a true withdrawal and wants, a Palestinian police under Israel's domination and which implements its decisions to provide security within the limits working for Israel's in-terests only," he said.

He also said that Israel does not plan a true withdrawal from the Gaza Strip. "They want a 13-kilometre-

long band along Gaza's coast to annex them to (Jewish) settlements. What will remain from Gaza's Strip area?" Mr. Abed Rahbo said.

"Negotiations are turning within an empty circle... they are getting to be a true com-

"They (the Israelis) are using continuation of talks to take security and economic measures like closing the centre of Hehron, isolating (East) Jerusalem from the other occupied territories and now imposing an economic blockade to transform Palestinians' lives into a true hell," Mr. Abed Rabbo said.

"Only people who are ignorant can imagine after all that Israel wants to implement the peace deal," he added.

A senior adviser to PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat also attacked Israel for sealing off the occupied territories, saying the move would harm the Palestinians.

Ahmad Tibi, Mr. Arafat's Israeli Arab adviser, was asked by Israel army radio if the indefinite closure of the terri-

(Continued on page 5)



JACKSON IN JERUSALEM: U.S. civil rights leader Jesse Jackson (left) shakes bands with leaders for a private visit to the occupied territories and Israel (see page 10) (AFP photo) Palestinian leader Faisal Husseini as he walks with Palestinian leaders in East Jerusalem on

No ceasefire in Kigali; foreigners flee violence

MULINDI, Rwanda (AP) — Convoys of foreigners left the capital of Kigali on Saturday as rebels lannched new attacks against Rwandan troops in ethnic fighting that has killed hundreds.

Belgium, France and the United States sent troops into the area Saturday to assist with the evacuation, and Belgium dispatched five transport planes in the possible removal of more than 2,000 Belgian, French and U.S. nationals.

The new fighting came less than 24 hours after the United Nations announced security forces in Rwanda had named an interim government and agreed to a ceasefire with the rebels in a bid to restore order to Kigali.

But a rebel leader said they were never consulted about a ceasefire. "We are not aware of any such deal, so this is a continuation of the war," said Vice-Chairman Patrick Mazimhaka of the Rwandan Patriotic Front in rebel-held Mulindi.

The presidents of Rwanda

and Burundi - both ethnic Hutu - were killed Wednesday when their plane was reportedly shot down over the Kigali airport.

Their deaths ignited savage fighting in which the mostly Hutu presidential guard reportedly killed the actiog prime minister and kidnapped three cabinet ministers. Unconfirmed reports said the ministers had been killed.

The ruling Hutus and the minority Tutsis have fought for decades in Rwanda and Burundi. Rwandan President Juvenal Hahyarimana and Burondi President Cyprian Ntaryamira were returning from a peace conference in Tanzania simed at ending the ethnic strife when

their plane crashed. France sent the first of 400 paratroops into Kigali airport on Saturday to prepare for the evacuation.

The United States followed with the vanguard of 330 marines, which arrived in Bujumbura, the capital of neighbouring Burundl. Belgium then dispatched the

There are about 1,500 Belgians, 600 French and 255

first of 800 paratroops into the

Americans in the former Belgian trust territory, military officials said. Any evacuation was to be

coordinated hetween the forces in the European and U.S. forces, diplomats said. The U.S. embassy in Kigali said a convoy of 30 vehicles tonk foreigners out of the

capital on Saturday, Belgian radio reported. Two other convoys were being organised, according to the hroadcast monitored by the BBC. It was not known how many people were involved or their

nationalities. U.S. military spokesman Colonel Larry Icenogle confirmed from Washington that Americans were among those being evacuated in the convoys. He said he believed they

had French military escorts. He did not know how many people were being evacuated

(Continued on page 5)

King meets Capucci

HIS MAJESTY King Hussein on Saturday receives Bishop Hilarion Capacci, spiritual

head of the 3,000-strong Melchite-rite Catholic community of Jerusalem. The King discussed with Bishop Capucci the situation of holy shripes in Jerusalem.

Earlier Saturday, Bishop Capneel rejected Israel's claim to Jerusalem as its "capital" and called for placing the Holy City under the joint control of its three prin-cipal religions (See page 3). Bishop Capucci said the

international community should end Israel's occupation of Jerusalem.

Israeli troops kill Palestinian at Gaza crossing

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (Agencies) - Soldiers at a roadhlock fatally shot a Palestinian youth on Saturday in the Gaza Strip after he threatened them with an axe, the army said.

The violence occurred on Saturday afternoon at the Erez checkpolot or crossing between Gaza and Israel.

A military official said that a Palestinian youth tried to attack soldiers with an axe "He didn't succeed. They called out to him to stop, and he continued threatening them, and they shot and killed him." the official added.

No other details were immediately available. Gaza and the occupied West Bank have been under tightened closure orders since Thursday after a carbombing and shooting attack in which eight Israelis were killed. The closure prevents about 60,000

Palestinians from reporting to jobs in Israel. The security cahinet decided Friday to keep the restrictions in force until at least next Friday, or after Israeli "inde-

pendence day." It also recommended the import of nearly 20,000 construction and farm workers from overseas to take up the slack in missing labour at Israeli build-

ing sites and farms.
Agriculture Minister Yaakov Tsur said the Israeli cahinet would discuss how many foreign workers to im-port at its weekly meeting on

Sunday. "The most important thing is organising for a longer term of closure... recognising that the main goal is to return the sense of security to residents of Israel and to create a situation in which workers from the terri-

tories will not enter," Mr. Tsur told army radio on Saturday. The Israeli contractors association called for 30,000 foreign labourers and estimated an additional 40.000 Israelis could be recruited.

The full cahinet was to debate keeping the measure in force iodefinitely, when it

meets on Sunday.

The closure has also hurt Palestinian medical services in Jerusalem, the Palestine Council of Health said in a statement Saturday. The group is slated to run health affairs for Palestinians once the autonomy called for in the Israel-Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) agreement takes

Hossam Sharkawi, a council planner, said that 20 doctors were barred from reaching the Augusta Victoria Hospital on the Mount of Olives on Saturday morning. He said some doctors from nearby Makassed hospital made it past roadblocks in the afternoon after a five-hour wait.

In Gaza, a health council spokesman, Dr. Riyadh Zanoun, said 16 Palestinians suffering from cancer and other illnesses were turned back at roadhlocks since friday.

RJ to get capital boost, partial debt rescheduling

By P.V. Vivekanand Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Royal Jordanian (RJ), the national carrier, has secured a much-needed boost with a government decision to raise its capital and reschedule part of its domestic dehts, informed sources said Saturday.

The sources said the decision, taken by the Cabinet last week, involves a capital infu-sion of about JD 35 million (\$50 million) to the airline and the rescheduling of about JD 100 million in the airline's debts to local banks and the ordan Petroleum Refinery

Corporation (JPRC). The move comes after several years of government refusal to pump money to help the carrier, which is burdened with external and internal debts of JD 579 million against assets worth JD 534 million. The hulk of the debts were incurred during the early 1980s when RJ launched an amhitious expan-

sion scheme. About one-third of the dehts are domestic. Foreign obligations of the airline include outstanding payments of the aircraft the carrier leased in the

The raising of the airline's capital comes in line with a two-year-old formal finding by international consultants that RJ's capital of JD 22 million (\$32 million) was incompatible

with the size of the national carrier.

The sources, who spoke on condition of anonymity, said the JD 35 million capital infusion is expected to come in the form of the government set-tling part of the airline's foreign dehts for an equivalent amount in dollars and defining the spending as capital invest-ment of the airline.

Sa'd Al Tal, director-general of the refinery company, would only say that the com-pany was informed that there was a government decision to reschedule part of the airline's mestic debi

"We were told that the government had taken such a decision," Mr. Tal told the Jordan Times. "We were not given any specific figures.

According to Mr. Tal, the airline owes the refinery company JD 74 million. Other local creditors of the airline include a local consortium of commercial banks, accounting for JD 112 million of RJ's dehts, and the semigovernment Social Security Corporation (SSC), which is

owed JD 16 million. "We have to sit down and negotiate" the rescheduling, Mr. Tal said.

No further details or comment by the consortium of local banks were immediately available. Shortly after he took office

in May last year, Prime Minis-ter Abdul Salam Majali promised that the government would spare no effort to help the national carrier, which is making an operational profit only to find it wiped away hy deht servicing.

According to official figures, the airline lost JD 134 million since its establishment in 1963. The hulk of the loss was incurred as a result of the devaluation of the dinar in 1988/89 and the Gulf crisis of 1990/91.

Transport Minister Adech Halasa told Parliament in March that financial consideraons should not be the factor that determine how the government approaches the deht problem faced by the air-

The capital increase is expected to help boost the financial manoeuvrability of the airline, which has a cash-flow problem, while the expected deht rescheduling will help reduce the pressure on its

hudget. The government move comes ahead of privatising the airline, a process which is expected to take several years.

The sources said a study conducted by an international consultant on the best mechanism to privatise the airline was nearing completion.

The study, conducted by (Continued on page 5)

Fresh mediation effort gets under way in Yemen

SANAA (Agencies) — Erit-rean President Isayas Afewerki met with Yemen's President Ali Abdullah Saleh in a hid to solve Yemen's deepening crisis, political sources said

The two leaders held a closed session shortly after Mr. Afewerki's arrival and oiscussed "the development of efforts exerted to solve the crisis and the implementation of a reconciliation accord. one source said.

The accord, providing for political, economie, military and administrative reforms was signed by Mr. Saleh and his estranged deputy Ali Salem Al Beidh in Amman in February, hut differences have prevented putting it into effect.

Mr. Afewerki, who has good ries with both Mr. Saleh and Mr. Beidh, was among the first foreign mediators to try to defuse the crisis when it came into the open in August. He met with Mr. Beidh last

week when both men were on a visit to the United Arab Emirates.

In Cairo, Egyptian officials said Information Minister Safwat Sharif and UAE Foreign Affairs Minister Rashed Abdullah Al Nuaimi left for Sanaa to meet President Saleh hefore going to Aden to see Mr. Beidh.

Mr. Saleh merged his conservative North Yemen with Mr. Beidh's former Marxist Sonth Yemen in 1990 in a 50-50 power sharing accord but

differences emerged last year when the Islamist Islah Party was brought into the coalition government.

Mr. Saleh told a radio interview on Friday that meetings last week in Salalah, Oman, with Mr. Beidh were "positive at the personal level. But it was not positive as far as the crisis is concerned.

Sources of Mr. Beidh's Yemen Socialist Party (YSP) expressed similar views.

Egypt's Middle East News gency reported that Mr. Sherif and Mr. Nuaimi would meet President Saleh in Sanaa. They planned to get together with Mr. Beidh in Aden on Sunday. the agency said.

Egyptian President Hosni Muharak and leaders of other Arah countries - mainly Jordan, Oman, the UAE, and Syria -- have been trying to settle disputes imperiling the Yemeni unity proclaimed in

Mr. Sherif told the news agency that Mr. Nuaimi gave Mr. Mubarak a letter from UAE President Sheikh Zayed Ben Sultan Al Nahayan on Saturday about their efforts to solve the Yemeni crisis. The leaders agreed to send the envoys to mediate. Mr. Sherif

Tension mounted Thursday warplanes of southern Yemen's air force streaked across northern skies in response to a nighttime drive-hy attack hy unidentified gunmen on soldiars of a southern brigade deployed in the north.

A southern Yemen delegation is touring Arah countries to explain Mr. Beidh's point of view, and both sides are reported seeking Arab interven-tion to keep the armies apart. Reports said Arab military

observers might be sent in to assure that all disputes would be solved through dialogue peacefully. Iranian President Hashemi

Rafsanjani on Saturday called for stronger relations with Yemen, the Islamie Republic News agency reported. Speaking after meeting in

Tehran with visiting Yemeni Foreign Minister Mohammad Salem Bassindawh, Mr. Rafsanjani also expressed his country's willingness to help preserve the unity of North and South Yemen, the agency

Mr. Bassindawh is a northerner from President Ali Saleh's conservative General

People's Congress. The Iranian agency, monitored in Cyprus, said Mr. Rafsanjani called for a strengthening of Yemeni-Iranian relations to safeguard the security

and stability of the region. During the eight-year Iraniraq war and the 1990-91 Gulf crisis, Yemen was one of Irag's staunchest supporters but this has not prevented it from maintaining reasonable relations with Tehran in recent

U.N. shoots for end-May target on Iraqi missiles

Clinton says Baghdad has not satisfied demands, sanctions will stay

'MANAMA (Agencies) — U.N. experts aim to complete recommendations on longterm monitoring of Iraqi ballistic missile facilities by the end of May, a senior U.N. inspecor said on Saturday.

Long-range ballistic missiles are one of four Iraqi weapons programmes banned by the United Nations after the 1990-91 Gulf war. Long-term monitoring is a prerequisite for lifting the U.N. embargo on Iraqi

-1. John Larrabee, American head of a 14-member U.N. team that left Baghdad on Friday, told reporters his experts were working without a break - sver the coming two months to 'complete a demanding prog-

"All of this is being done so "we can move as quickly as possible, at least in the hallistic missile area," he said.

. The team is implementing a sort of fast-track programme under which it is making recommendations to U.N. headquarters in New York as it goes 'along during the two-month inspection programme rather than waiting till the end.

It has divided the time into three rounds of visits to Iraq. in between the team will return to U.N. offices in Bahrain to write reports and make recommendations to the New York headquarters of the U.N. Special Commission on Iraq (UN-

New York-hased UNSCOM officials will then be able to ..order cameras and other equipment required for longterm monitoring.

: The equipment would have -to be installed before monitoring begins, but in theory installation would not have to wait until Mr. Larrabee's group finishes its work.

Mr. Larrabee said UN-SCOM was doing all-it could tomove the process along while being careful to ensure that it 'will be able to detect any fu-U.N. weapons bans.

"All the assistance that we requested from the Iraqi gov-ernment was provided. Mr. Larrabee added, saying his team was able to end its first round of visits two days earlier than planned partly because of · Iraqi cooperation.

Iraq has strongly criticised the United Nations, including UNSCOM Executive Chairman Rolf Ekeus, for the length of time it is taking to declare Iraqi compliance on destruction of the four weapons systems and then to lift the oil

For a long time U.N. officials hlamed Iraqi intransigence for the delays, but they say Iraq is now generally cooperative on most weapons issues - though it will now still require time to install the longterm monitoring plan.

U.S. assessment

U.S. President Bill Clinton has sent a letter to the U.S. Congress reporting on Iraq's record of compliance with United Nations Security Council resolutions. Following are ex-~_cespis:

"It remains our judgment that the U.N. Special Commission on Iraq and the Interna-.- tional Atomic Energy Agency ... (IAEA) have effectively dis-- banded the Iraqi nuclear weapons programme at least for the near lerm. The United Nations has destroyed Iraqi

JORDAN TELEVISION

missile launchers, support facilities, and a good deal of Iraq's facture prohibited missiles. The UNSCOM teams have reduced Iraq's ability to produce chemicals weapons; inventorying and destroying chemical munitions. The United Nations has inspected, and is preparing 10 monitor, several facilities identified as capable of sup-porting a biological weapons programme.

'traq's formal acceptance of U.N. Security Council Resolu-tion (UNSCR) 715 (ongoing monitoring and verification) in November 1993 was long overdue. The next challenge for the international community is to ensure that Iraq does not break its promise on ongoing monitoring and verification as Iraq has repeatedly done so in the past on other commitments. Continued vigilance is necessary hecause we believe that Saddam Hussein is committed to rebuilding his weapons of mass destruction (WMD)

'We are seriously concerned about the many contradictions and unanswered questions remaining in regard to Iraq's WMD capability, especially in the chemical weapons area. It is therefore extremely important that the international community establish an effective, comprehensive, and sustainable ongoing monitoring and verification regime as required by UNSCR 715.

"Rolf Ekeus, the Chairman of UNSCOM, has told Iraq that it must establish a clear track record of compliance before he can report favourably. to the Security Council. However, Chairman Ekeus has said he does not expect to be able to report before the end of the year, at the earliest. We strongly endorse Chairman approach and reject any establishment of a timetable for determining whether Iraq has complied with UNSCR 715. There must be a sustained period of unquestionable, complete compliance with the monitoring and verification plans.

"The "no-fly zones" over northern and southern Iraq permit the monitoring of Iraq's compliance with UNSCRs 687 and 688. Over the last 2 years, the northern no-fly zone has deterred Iraq from a major military offensive in the region. Since the no-fly zone was established in southern Iraq, Iraq's use of aircraft against its population in the region has stopped. However, Iraqi forces have responded to the no-fly zone hy stepping up their use of land-hased artillery to shell marsh villages.

"Indeed, the ongoing military campaign against the civilian population of the marsh villages intensified during the beginning of March. A large search-and-destroy operation is taking place. The offensive includes the razing of villages and large-scale hurning operations, concentrated in the triangle bounded by An Nasiriya, Al Qurnah, and Basrah. The magnitude of the operation is causing civilian inhabitants to flee towards Iran, as well as deeper into the marshes towards the outskirts of south-

"In northern lraq, in the vicinity of Mosul, there is both Iraqi troop movement and some increase in the number of troops. Iraqi intentions are not

dear and we are watching this

situation closely. "The Security Council most recently addressed Iraqi sanctions at its March 18, 1994, regular 60-day review of Iraq's compliance with its obligations under relevant resolutions. At that meeting. Security Council members were in agreement that Iraq is not in compliance with resolutions of the Council, and that existing sanctions should remain in force, with-

The sanctions regime exempts medicine and in the case of foodstuffs, requires only that the U.N. Sanctions Committee be notified of food shipments. The Sanctions Committee also continues to consider and, when appropriate, approve requests to send to Iraq materials and supplies for essential civilian needs. The Iraqi government, in contrast, has maintained a full embargo against its northern provinces and has acted to distribute bumanitarian supplies only to its supporters and to the military. The Iraqi government has so far refused to sell \$1.6 billion in oil as previously authorised by the Security Council in UNSCRs 706 and 712. Talks between Iraq and the United Nations on implementing these resolutions ended unsuccessfully in October 1993.

Proceeds from oil sales also would be used to compensate persons injured by Iraq's un-lawful invasion and occupation of Kuwait. The U.N. Compensation Commission (UNCC) has received about 2.3 million claims so far, with

another 200,000 expected. The U.S. government has now filed a total of eight sets of individual claims with the Commission, bringing U.S. claims filed to roughly 3,000 with a total asserted value of over \$205 million. In addition, the U.S. government intends to submit this summer numerous corporate claims filed by American corporations and is currently reviewing over 180 claims by U.S. businesses for possible submission to the UNCC. The asserted value of U.S. corporate claims received to date is about \$1.6 billion.

"Examples of Iraqi noncooperation and noncompliance continue in other areas. For instance, reliable reports indicate that the government of Iraq is offering reward money for terrorist acts against U.N. and humanitarian relief workers in Iraq. The offering of bounty for such acts, as well as the commission of such acts, in our view, constitute violations of UNSCRs 687 and 688. In the latest series of attacks on the international relief community, there were two incidents in which members of the U.N. Guard Contingent in Iraq were shot and seriously wounded in March

"As I stated in my last report to you on this issue, Iraq can reioin the community of civilised nations only through democratic processes, respect for human rights, equal treatment of its people, and adherence to basic norms of international behaviour. Iraq's government should represent all Iraq's people and be committed to the territorial integrity and unity of Iraq. The Iraqi National Congress (INC) espouses these goals, the fulfillment of which would make Iraq a stabilising force in the



of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) in East Jerusalem. Israel and the PLO resume self-rule negotiations in Cairo today (see page one) (AFP photo)

Knesset members get first-hand view of American-Jewish community

WASHINGTON (USIA) -Nine members of the Israeli Knesset have concluded a fiveday visit to Washington to observe the workings of the U.S. government and the American-Jewish lobby.

The parliamentarians met with Clinton administration officials and congressional aides during the April 4-8 visit which was sponsored by the Association of Reform Zionists and the Religious Action Centre of Reform Judaism (RACRJ). They also had meetings with leaders of major Jewish-, Arab- and African-American organisations.

"First and foremost, our goal was to allow the Knesset members to learn first-hann about the American Jewish Community - how it works, what Judaism means to it ... how it relates to Israel," Rabbi Lynn Landsberg of the RACRI said in an interview. The sponsors boped, she added, to distinguish between the "myths and realities" of Jewish influence in the United

Rabbi Landsberg noted that the Jewish Reform movement in the United States has sponsored a trip of this sort for Knesset members every year for the past six years. A secondary focus of the programme is to give the parliamentarians the opportunity to observe the functioning of the U.S. govern-

On this visit, the group en-

AMMAN (J.T.) — The parties to the conflict in southern

Sudan have agreed in a meet-

ing in Nairouhi to declare cor-

ridors of tranquillity by air,

land, river and rail for the

periods of 15-30 of each of

April. May and June, to allow

for the immunisation of

725,000 Sudanese children in

the conflict areas of south

Sudan, the United Nations

Children's Fund (UNICEF)

UNICEF joined forces with

the Sudanese government and

the warring parties in a genuine effort to ensore the

safe passage of immunisation

supplies and health teams to

the various parts of the coun-

try. Immunisation teams are

now in place in preparation for

launching the immunisation

has said.

gaged in "shop talk" with members of the U.S. Congress and their aides, and held a question-and-answer session with David Setterfield, director for Near East and South Asian Affairs at the National Security Council.

American Enterprise Institute scholar Norman Ornstein addressed the group, as did M.J. Rosenberg from the office of Representative Nita Lowey (Democrat of New York) and Melissa Patrick from the office of Senator Charles Grassley (Republican of Iowa).

The parliamentarians' discussion with Mr. Setterfield centred on the status of the Mideast peace talks and the Clinton administration's view of the process. They also discussed the challenges that the United States and its allies face in the region, especially weapons proliferation. Foreign aid policy was examined as well, with Setterfield outlining; the conflict between U.S. budget constraints and the growing demand for assistance in other parts of the world.

Despite the emphasis on government, Landsberg noted that one of the highlights of the visit was a "very passionate" presentation made by James Zogby, director of the Arab-American Institute. He suggested that relations between American Jews and Arabs had been beloed enormously by the signing of the Israel-Palestine Liberation Organisation

already started and will con-

tinue throughout the cam-

paign, a UNICEF statement said.

phase of another ongoing cam-

paign in accessible areas began

on March 15, to deliver the

second dose of oral polio vac-

cine (OPV), measles and vita-

min A to thousands of other

Sudanese children. To pave

the ground for this campaign

which started in the Central

state on March 26, over one

million doses of vaccine and

other supplies have been ship-

ped from Khartoum to the

various provinces and states.

Two charter planes were used

to deliver 500,000 doses of

vaccine to Darfur state, the

In another development, 155

"unaccompanied minors" or

UNICEF statement said.

Meanwhile, the second

accord last September at the White House.

He described the event as an "iee-hreaker" that brought new warmth to relations between the two communities, Mr. Landsberg said. Invitations for Dr. Zoghy to appear before Jewish organisations proliferated dramatically in the wake of the Israel-PLO agreement, Mr. Landsberg quoted

him as saying.
Dr. Zogby also lauded the
American Jewish community for taking the lead in promoting U.S. intervention on behalf of the Bosnian Muslims, Mr. Landsberg said. Other prominent Americans

who met with the Knesset members included the Rev. Jesse Jackson, one of the most noted American civil rights Mr. Jackson was at the time

preparing for bis own visit to Israel and the occupied territories, in an effort to promote Arab-Israeli peace).
On the final day of their trip,

Ron Young of the Interreligious Committee for Peace in the Middle East offered the visiting Israelis insights into ways that American Christians view the Middle East.

They also met a number of distinguished Jewisb Americans, including Diana Aziz, the new president of the Council of Jewish Federations, and Justice Rath Bader Ginsberg. the second woman ever to serve on the U.S. Supreme Court.

reunited with their parents in Leer on March 11. Thanks to

the combined efforts of the

International Committee of

the Red Cross (ICRC), UN-

ICEF, and Radda Barnen, the

reunification programme, launched by these organisa-tions two years ago, has to date

reunited 600 children sepa-

rated from their families since

1988, when the war in south

Sudan escalated, the statement

It is estimated that at least

20.000 Sudanese children were

separated from their parents as

a result of the war in the south.

At least 6,000 are currently

living in temporary camps in

southern Sudan, while some

II,000 children sought refuge

in Kakuma camp in Kenya.

UNICEF and other humanita-

rian agencies and organisations

said.

Sudan

State Department reports silence from PLO, Arafat

WASHINGTON (Agencies) - Chairman Yasser Arafat and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) have not responded to an appeal from Secretary of State Warren Christopher for condemnation of attacks on Israeli civilians. 'Not that I'm aware of,"

Michael McCurry, the State Department spokesman, said Friday. He said he did not know if Mr. Arafat's silence would affect negotiations with Israel to implement a declaration granting Palestinians self-rule in Jericho and Gaza.

The negotiations are due to resume Sunday. A major pro-vision is the withdrawal of Israeli military forces from the West Bank city and from

The attacks have stirred opposition in Israel to going ahead with Palestinian selfrule. But Foreign Minister Shi-mon Peres said Thursday the talks should proceed.
The PLO on Thursday ex-

tended its condolences to the families of the victims, but Mr. Christopher said: "We wish they would condemn the vio-

Asked how this message was conveyed to Mr. Arafat and the PLO, Mr. McCurry said: "We have discussions at a fairly high level," usually through State Department official De-

nnis Ross. Reiterating recent assertions by Mr. Christopher that the Middle East peace talks are moving forward regardless of attempts to derail them, Mr. McCurry said: "The parties do wish to proceed with their discussions that we expect to re-sume here in Washington sometime this month."

They might yet yield considerable progress toward setting in motion the declaration of principles, he said.

Mr. McCurry noted that the parties bave said they are 'closing fast" on the "very difficult issues" in the talks: however, "there's an enormous amount of technical work...to complete any agreement that would lead to the declaration.

Completion of final details in the peace talks need not necessarily be at the cabinet level, the spokesman said, adding that substantive progress is the "important thing." Progress made at the information talks in Cairo in recent weeks meets that standard; those discussions have "been productive in resolving issues." he

Mr. McCurry noted that Mr. Arafat has renounced terrorism. But he added that "we would wish to see a condemnation of specific acts of violence that are clearly designed to derail the peace process

Asked about Mr. Arafat's official silence about the most recent attacks in Israel, he said: "I don't think it helps."

And the United States continues to express its displeasure in discussions with government that support peace rejectionist factions, he said.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Former Fateh chief to face Lebanon probe

BEIRUT (R) - A former Fatch commander in Lebanon was ordered by a judge to answer questions in a probe of bombings at Palestinian refugee camps but refused to come, judicial sources said on Saturday. The military judge this week ordered Lieutenant-Colonel Munit Magdah and three Fatch officers to come in for questioning by last Wednesday after a Palestinian man arrested in connection with the blasts said Col. Maqdah had ordered them. Several small bomb attacks took place in refugee camps in South Lebanon in 1992 and 1993, Security sources said they were part of an inter-Palestinian power struggle. Col. Maqdah — who was deposed as bead of Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat's mainstream Fatch forces in Lebanon last year - did not heed the judge's call. Col. Maqdah heads a small breakaway group of Fateb guerrillas opposed to the September 13 PLO-Israel peace deal and is based in Ain Al Hilweb camp, Lebanon's largest Palestinian refugee camp, near the southern port of Sidon. Lebanese troops have seized several weapons caches belonging to Palestinian guerrilla groups in areas near Sidon over the past few days.

U.S. is still 'great Satan' - Iran

NICOSIA (R) - Iran should not drop its traditional hostility to the United States whose policies in the Middle East prove it is still "the great Satan," an Iranian newspaper said. "Everincreasing U.S. interference in the 'Persian' Gulf region, Washington's unconditional support for the Zionist regime and U.S. plots against the Islamic revolution all prove the U.S. still is the 'great Satan', Jomhnn Eslami newspaper said in an editorial reported by the official news agency IRNA on Saturday. The newspaper urged Iranians to disregard talk of possible reconciliation with the United States and "to remain vigilant and continue their anti-U.S. movies." The article marked the anniversary of the severing of ties between the two countries, IRNA said. "Great Satan" is a term commonly used by Iranian leaders since Iran's 1979 Islamic revolution to describe the United States, which supported Iran's ousted former ruler, the Shah.

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Tunislan parliament reelects speaker

TUNIS (R) - Tunisia's new parliament on Saturday reelected Habih Boulares as speaker of the House of Deputies, a post he has occupied since October 1991. Nineteen opposition deputies, who won seats in the March 20 election for the first time since independence in 1956, did not put forward a rival

USAID lends Morocco \$28m for education

RABAT (R) — American USAID on Friday signed an agreement with Morocco to provide \$28 million for education training projects, the Moroccan news agency (MAP) reported. The eight-year training for development programme will huild modern infrastructure for private higher education and improve management teaching in several schools throughout the country, MAP said. Moroccan government will participate with \$13.65 million in the projects which involve 14 schools in Casablanca, Rabat and Marrakesh, officials said.

campaigns on April 15 and children separated from their are mounting efforts to reunite mobilisation of tamilies to imfamilies in southern Sudan as a all those children with their Gulf region." munise their children have result of war and famine, were

'Corridors of tranquillity'

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Church Tel. 630851. Tel. Anglica 628543. Catholic Church Tel. 771331 Orthodox Church Tel. 775261. phraim Church Tel. 771751. an International Church Tel. St. Ephr Evangelical Lutheran Church Tel: 824328. German-speaking Evangelical Congregation Tel. 684195
The Latter-Day Saims Tel. 684932
Church of Nazarene Tel. 675691.
The Evangelical Local Church in Am-Tcl. 811295

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HOSPITALS

AMMAN: Hussein Medical Centre \$13813/32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn 64241/2 Akileh Maternity, J. Amn 64244/2 Jabal Amman Maternity... . 642362 Malhas, J. Amman 636140 664171/4 Shmeisani Hospital ... University Hospital ... Al-Mussher Hospital The Islamic, Abdali ... Al-Ahli, Abdali 667227/9 664164/6 Italian, Al-Muhaire hir. J. Ashrafich . 775111/26 891611/15 602240/50 Army, Marka Oucen Alia Hospital Amal Hospital . 674155 Zarqa Govt. Hospital Zarqa National Hospital Ibn Sina Hospital (091983323 (09)900560 (09)986732 (02)275555

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JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR FOR THE TRAVELLER QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT APPIVALS

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IN THE EDUCATION ARENA: Prime Minister Abdul Salam Majali Saturday receives Yemeni Education Minister Abn Bakr Qurba (right) to discuss cooperation in the education arena. Dr. Majali said Jordan was ready to provide Yemen with expertise in education and higher education "in embodiment of the Kingdom's policy of maintaining strong relations with the Arab countries." He added that Jordan's ministries of education and higher education as well as state universities would be willing to offer training to Yemeni personnel and respond favourably to any request in this ect. Dr. Qurba cooveyed a message to Dr. Majali from the Yemeni prime minister concerning cooperation in education and also

briefed the prime minister on the current situation in Yemen. He also voiced Yemen's praise for Jordan's endeavours to bring about reconciliation among the various Yemeni parties and expressed hope that His Majesty King Hussein would pursue his efforts to bring about a lasting settlement. Education Minister Khaled Omari was present at the meeting. Dr. Qurba, who arrived in Amman Friday evening on a three-day visit to Jordan, met separately later with Dr. Omari and other officials to review scopes of cultural and educational cooperation between Yemen and Jordan. Ministry of Education officials said that Dr. Qurba would be accompanied on . tour of several Jordanian



Jon Metzger on the vibraphone

The Jon Metzger Quartet puts its mark on jazz in Amman

By Jean-Claude Elias Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Good vibrations. That's what will flow out of Jon Metzger's vibraphone on Monday evening at the Royal Cultural Centre

(RCC). His quartet is one of the world's best in the genre. with Ed Paolantonia on piano, James King on bass, David Via on drums and Jon

Metzger himself on vihes. The National Music Conservatory - Noor Al Hussein Foundation, in cooperation with the American Centre in Amman, has invited the celebrated jazz quartet to per-

form in Jordan. Jon Metzger, a performer, composer and recording artist, play a kind of jazz that sounds definitely mod-ern but is still strongly linked to the mainstream.

On one of his early albums, "Into The Light," nombers like "Bossa Linda" with its classic bossa nova beat, or 'Into The Light" with its subtle theme, can please the Ellington and "crazy" Larry

the recording did not put a date stamp on the music, it would be difficult to position

Jon Metzger's music in time. Mr. Metzger's compositions are very seriously built. The listener, even if not a

partisans of "eteroal" Duke Coryell alike. If the excelleot quality of

jazz specialist, can easily fol-

low the structure of the

pieces without feeling lost at

all, contrary to what often bappens in fusion jazz.
Mr. Metzger's playing is

characterised by his soft, warm touch, a quality that is usually difficult to achieve on

Another pleasant note is the fact that the other instruments in the quartet, the piano, the bass and the drums are given enough space to hreathe and are not treated just like "slaves" to the vibraphone.

The piano more particularly plays a major role, next to the vibes.

If you like swing and bossa nova, but with a modern flavour, The Jon Metzger Quartet will make you spend a most enjoyable evening in its

Economic imbalances can be dealt with through stock markets, says Gammoh

AMMAN (Petra) like several Arah states, is currently implementing an economic restructuring programme agreed to with the International Monetary Fund (IIMF) in order to adjust the imh alances in its economy and pursue its development process, said Finance Minister Sami Gammoh

Addressing the opening session of a three-day meeting on means of stimulating the work of Arab stock markets, the minister said that the imbalances in the Jordanian economy, which were caused by large investments in the country's infrastructure during the 1950s and 1960s can be idealt with through the help of stock markets and commercial hanks which handle savings and investments.

In many countries government resources have been depleted by rising external delpts, said the minister, adding that it is often the private sector which is called upon to fund major development schemes.

As for Jordan, the country hore heavy hurdens in defense spending following the 1948 war with Israel and incurred bigh development costs in the last four decades resulting in the economic crisis of the later 1980s, continued Mr. Gam-

He said Jordan still faces the consequences of the Gulf war and the ongoing siege on its sole port at Aqaba, which, he said, has cost the country hundreds of millions of dollars.

Despite the difficulties, the

country is pursuing economic reforms and is building democratic institutions, Mr. Gam-

He explained that the Amman Financial Market (AFM), which was founded in 1978, was created in order to attract savings that would be utilised in development schemes, and the government, he added, is eager to further this market to enable it to play a more significant role in the national eco-

The minister called for a greater measure of cooperation between the Arab stock markets as part of a collective Arab effort to improve the

Arab World's economy.

Mr. Gammoh deputised for
His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan in opening the conference, which was organised by the Ara's League in cooperation with the Arah Banking Union and the Amman Financial Market.

Arah Stock Markets Union

Chairman Fawzi Bahrazad addressed the opening session. urging Arab states to implement measures for genuine in-

Minister of Finance Sami Gammoh (Centre), flanked by officials of various Arrab stock markets, attends the opening session

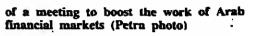
tegration among their econo-mies, with the help of banking institutions and stock markets. Peferring to the work of the exi .ing stock markets in the Arab World, Dr. Bahrazad s. 1 that despite many positive aspects, these markets still face

negative elements that impede

their operations, such as failure to involve the private sector on a larger scale in economie de elopment, absence of cooperation among stock markets and the trend of establishing small enterprises instead of founding major public share-holding companies.

Abdullah, the conference rapporteur, the delegates will exchange views on promoting stock market work, review working papers dealing with Arah states experiments in stock markets will reflect on Arah eeonomic programmes.

According to Khaled Amin



Archbishop return from exile of the PLO's single-handed By Natasha Bokhari smuggling arms from Jordan The holy man described approach in being the sole into the occupied territories for himself as the first nationalist

Special to the Jordan Times AMMAN - The exiled archbishop of Jerusalem, Hilarion Capucci, Saturday said he will not go hack to the occupied territories until Jerusalem becomes the l'alestinian state's

"I was and still am the archhishop of Jerusalem, and it is my duty to ensure a just and lasting peace for my people," said the archbishop during a press conference held at the Greek archbishopric in Am-

Archbishop Capucci was de-ported by the Israeli author-ities in September 1977 for

members of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), and has lived in Italy for thelast twenty years.

The head of the Jerusalem diocese saidt the Holy City is an Arab city, and that for peace to be established, it has to be returned to its original He told reporters that after

it is returned to its legitimate owners, Jerusalem will no longer be "monopolised" as it is now. "Jerusalem will then become the city that will allow Muslims, Christians and Jews to live together as brothers."

and said that he bad turned down an offer to return to the occupied territories becau it was tied to him not expressing his opinion about the Palesti-

was made, and by whom it was "(U.N. Security Council Resolution) 904 has to be implemented, and PLO President Yasser Arafat has to condemn

AMMAN (Petra) - The

ment plans to propose a draft

law on children's issues and

amendments to existing laws

and regulations related to the

family, according to Minister

of Social Development

The proposed laws and

amendments are considered

necessary to address the

numerous social and economic

changes in the society and are

needed to protect ehildren's

rights, Dr. Sqour said in a

statement Saturday on the

event of a ceremony planned in

Mohammad Sqour.

nian cause. He declined. however, to say when the offer

the Israeli stand concerning settlements which are cancerous bodies that need to be removed," said the archbishop who expressed his disapproval

decision-makers in the peace talks. "One hand cannot clap," he added.

According to the head of the diocese, a comprehensive and durable peace can only be achieved when Palestinians attain the ir own passports and currency (and their right to selfdetermination. He added that settling for anything less than that would be "treason."

"We have offered Israelis Gaza and Jericho as a gift which they are more than glad to get rid of "pointing to the heightened: violence in those areas, where, he said, their

Ministry to propose law, amendments

addressing children's, family issues

Jewish occupants would be pleased to escape from.

The archhishop said his visit to Jordan was prompted hy "some siekness" since be considered Jordan to be another home of his, and that it is the closest he could get to Palestine. He also commended His Majesty King Hussein's "admirable" support to the Palestinians, saying that the King is a true symbol of "conr-

The archhishop, who arrived in Jordan Thursday, met with King Hussein later to. discuss the situation in the occupied territories, particularly Jerusalem.

Two youths drown in Ghor Safi ranch

Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Two youths, aged 17 and 20, drowned Thursday evening in the Mashare' area of Ghor Safi, according to Public Security Department (PSD) and Civil Defence Department (CDD) reports.

Ahdul Salam Ma'aytah (17) and his friend, Nidal Suleiman (20), drowned in the swimming pool of a relative's ranch in Ghor Safi.

A CDD official told the

Jordan Times that "it seems that one of the victims fell in the pool, and when the other tried to save him he drowned

The ranch owner told police be had been with the two young men hut he had to leave for one hour. When he returned, be said, he disco-vered their bodies floating in the pool.

He told police that the youths did not know how to

On Friday, a 24-year-old man drowned in Wadi Araha Dam, CDD reports showed. Abdul Majid Mahmoud was with his friend on a picnie, when he accidently fell in

The victim was rushed to Mou'az Hospital, but was pronounced dead on arrival. Four more people were reported to have died in drowning accidents since the begin-

the dam.

ning of April. The earlier incidents included the deaths of two 3year-old children in 1rbid, who died in separate acci-

they are firmly sealed when

not in use, to prevent chil-dren from beiog hurt or kil-

In both cases, police reports said, the children were playing in their yards and fell

in an open well.

A PSD official urged VTC trains Lebanese, Sudanese instructors citizens who have wells in their vards to make sure that

observance of the International Year of the Family. The ceremony, to be orga-Centre under the patronage of Prime Minister Abdol Salam Majali, is aimed at honouring



Mohammad: Soour

institutions that help families implement income-generating projects, he said.

efforts in promoting and

an attempt at draw attention to the need for further work on upgrading the status of the Jordanian family and related issues, said the minister. The Ministry of Social De-

deepening the status and role

velopment recently organised an exhibition displaying the products of limited income families which had received training hy private and public institutions. The families were provided with funds to start their husiness and become selfreliant, said the minister. He said Jordan is observing

the International Year of the Family in line with a call by the United Nations General Assembly in order to underline the role of families and the importance of safeguarding

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed time and place with the concerned

EUROPEAN FILM FESTIVAL

☆ Belgian film entitled "Het Gezin Van Paemel" (The Van Paemel Family) at the Royal Cultural Centre at 8:00 p.m.

FILM

★ Film entitled "Sunrise at Campobello" at the American Center at 5:00 p.m. (145 minntes).

EXHIBITIONS

- ★ Engraving exhibition by artist Jean-Pierre Pincemin at the French Cultural
- * Exhibition entitled "Modern and Old Ceramics and Glass" by artists Hamed Rashed and Iman Khalifeh at Goethe-
- ★ Exhibition by German artist Allona at the Royal Cultural Centre.

- ☆ Photo exhibition entitled "Spring Breezes From Jordan" by Dr. Zuhair Mohsen at the Royal Cultural Centre.
- ☆ The Jordanian Comprehensive Medical Fair '94 (displaying medical and drug industries, medical appliances, computer and X-Ray equipment, and dental equipment) at the Jordan Inter.Continental Hotel.
- ★ Exhibition by Jordanian and Iraqi artists at the Italian Language Centre (9:00 a.m.-8:00 p.m.) (Tel. 669348)
- Exhibition of Zalloum foodstuff prodncts at the Royal Cultural Centre.
- Exhibition by Egyptian artist Shalabiya Ibrahim at Baladna Art Gallary (Tel.
- ☆ Exhibition of spring paintings by Dr. Ali Al Ghoul at Orfali Art Gallery (Tel.
- "Spring Exhibition 1994" at the Jordan Plastic Art Association Gallery (Tel.
- **☆** Exhibition by artist Perween Al Sarraf at Aba'ad Art Gallery (10:00 a.m.-8:00 p.m.) (Tel. 819861).

- ☆ Exhibition by Iraqi artists Hayfa Habeeb and Farouk Hassan at Alia Art Gallery.
- * Exhibition of Jordanian herbs at the Royal Cultural Centre.
- * Flower exhibition entitled "The Flower Bridge Between Jordan and Palestine" at Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation in Jabal Amman (10:00 a.m. -6:00 p.m.) (Tel. 679166)
- * Art exhibition by artist Ahmed Nawar at Ballca' Art Gallery in Fuheis (daily from 10:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m.) (Tel. 720902).
- ☆ Jordanian-Iraqi contemporary exhibition by over 80 artists at Ain Art Gallery in 'Wadi Saqra (9:30 a.m-8:00 p.m.) (Tell. 644451).
- ★ Exhibition of sculptures and drawings by Jordanian sculptor Samer Tabbaa. Also showing "permanent" exhibition of 54 Arab contemporary artists at Dar at Al Funun of the Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation in Jabal Luweibdeh (Tel. 643251/2).
- ☆ Book exhibition at the Safeway Interna-

nised at the Royal Cultural The ceremony is a recognition of thisse institutions'

AMMAN (Petra) - Since its establishment in 1977 the Vocational Training Corporation (VTC) has provided training to 87,000 people in Jordan through its centres in different governorates, said VTC Director Ahmad Atwan Saturday.

Addressing the opening ses-sion of a training seminar for Lehanese and Sudanese instructors of vocational training, Dr. Atwan outlined the main task of the VTC and the various programmes it carries out in cooperation with local industries.

The VTC is involved with the Development and Employment Fund (DEF) in providing funds for the trainees to start their own husiness after finishing thisir courses, and provides guidance to owners of workshops sind small industries, said Dr. Atwan.

Eleven instructors from

Sudan and five from Lebanon

are taking part in the seminar

which is organised in Jordan with funding from the United Nations Development Programme (UNIDP).
UNDP Deputy Resident Representative in Jordan Rafiq Shukor briefed the meet-

ing on the UNDP-financed project to develop vocational training programmes. He said the IJNDP will soon rial guidance in Amman, Aqaha, and Irbid in order to provide technical know-how to small and medium size industrial projects, especially in production, specification, management and marketing fields. According to Dr. Atwan, the Sudanese and Lehanese

instructors will spend nine days

in Jordan to become acquinted

with the various VTC activities

and its working relationship

with private businesses and

set up three centres for indust-

factories. The participants will also visit VTC centres and industrial schools.

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Policies that defy reason

HARDLY A day passes by in the occupied Arab territories without many Palestinians falling viction to Israeli atrocities and violations of human rights. The killing of Palestinians by Israeli soldiers or settlers is a daily reality that has become of routine news value to the international media, and even less significance to the international community.

Only a crime of the enormity of the Hebron massacre draws the attention of the big powers in the world to the suffering of the Palestinian people and Israel's disregard for all international norms and human values. This attention fades, though, sooner than the blood of Palestinians dries on the ground.

Such is not the case with violence against Israelis. The killing of any number of Israelis by frustrated Pallestimians has all world capitals racing to condemn "Arab acts of terrorism" and offer support for Israel.

The world is serving neither the Palestinians nor the Israelis through such exercises in hypocrisy. Nor is Israel protecting its future and that of the region by failing to address the root causes of violence in the occupied

: Israel is responsible for the Afula bombing as much as it is responsible for the Hebron massacre. Its policies in the occupied territories provided the settlers with the means for killing the Palestinians as they prayed! in the Ibrahimi Mosque. Those same policies left the young Palestinian who carried out the Afula suicide attack no choice but to give Israelis a taste of what their government has been allowing to happen to Palestinians for

Israeli politicians condemned the Hebron massacre. So should Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat condemn the Afula bombing, demands the U.S. and other world powers. The naivety and insensitivity of comparing the two unfortunate events are appalling, even though the killing of innocent people and civilians cannot be condoned by anybody or quarter.

Had the international community been genuinely interested in ending the bloodshed in the occupied territories, however, it would have had taken action to end it long before the Afula bombing took place. That it could have done by putting enough pressure on Israel to remove the injustices to which Palestinians are subjected on a daily basis. Instead of removing the settlers, admittedly a main obstacle to the attainment of peace in the region, Israel threw a blanket curfew on the West Bank and Gaza. That deprived Palestinians from even providing for their daily needs. The suffering increased and retaliatory action became an inevitable response.

The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman thus found himself unable to condemn the Afnia attack personally. By doing so, he might have only infuriated his people whose members are being killed by Israelis by the hour. Israel, on the other hand, could afford to condemn the Hebron massacre because it has within its reach tens of other measures to appease its

The most the PLO can do in reaction to Israeli atrocities is boycott the peace talks, and that it cannot do for long because of the pressures that Washington and other world powers would put on it.

But Israel does not boycott the talks, winning world praise for not allowing "rejectionists" to abort the peace process. What it does, instead, is put two million Palestinians under siege again by closing the West Bank and Gaza totally. The negative implications of this act for the peace process far exceed those of withdrawing from the negotiation. Yet a few in the world community seem to notice; and Israel gets away with murder.

Thus only Palestinian desperation grows, and the cycle of violence continues unabated. When inclination towards peace becomes the ultimate casualty, we can all be sure that the peace process stands to suffer. Just when the Israelis get to realise the folly of their policies is the question that we cannot answer.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTAIRIES

AS A sponsor of the Middle East peace process, the United States ought to be fair and just in its dealings with the Arabs and the Israelis and to help the two sides reach permanent; peace, said Al Ra'i Arabic daily Saturday. It is incumbent on the United States to fied a lasting solution to the roots of the Arab Israeli conflict, and not to encourage the Israelis to shoot Palestinians in mosques and later to impose a curfew on the city of I-lebron, whose inhabitants are the victims of repression, said the daily. The United States can see the Arabs being oppressed and can watch the sufferings of the Palestinians but is lifting no finger to help them or eod the atrocioes, the paper pointed cout. There is no record, said the paper, that the U.S. administration has demanded that the Israeli government apologise for the massacre in the mosque or for the millions of human rights violations committed by the Israelis, it added. What Washington should seek to achieve now is eoding the mass punishment and curfews, imposed on the Arab population so that an opportune climate for peace can be created, said the paper. It said that Washington is required to move now to put an end to the endless cycle of violence in the occupied Arab lands.

Sunday's Economic Pulse

By Dr. Fahed Al Fanek

A battle on the social front

A JORDANIAN weekly picked up a paragraph in a recent UNICEF report stating that some 200,000 Jordanian children do not receive adequate food. The paper thought that the international agency conducted a survey to arrive at this sad conclusion.

In fact the UNICEF is not equipped to do something of the sort. It simply used the line of poverty produced by the Ministry of Social Development, which found that around 18.3 per cent of the families in Jordan were, at mid 1993, below the line of poverty, supposed to be at the level of JD 119 per month, or \$2000 per year per family. It is of course quite reasonable to assume that 18.3 per cent of the Jordanian children consume less food than desired, i.e., there is nothing

It is not our purpose bere to play down the importance and urgency of combatting poverty, whether its percentage turned out to be higher or lower than it is in other countries. The purpose is to acknowledge, at the same time, the achievements of Jordan on the social front.

In a research paper on "Population and Mother and Child Health" presented at the Conference on Population and Basic Needs in Jordan, organised by the National Population Commission in September 1991, certain indicators were given, (See table).

These indicators deserve to be highlighted too. It is true that we still bave a long way to go in the field of humao development, but it is equally true that we bave some major achievements which we can be proud of.

Some politically motivated critics believe that it is their duty to point out the dark spots and the shortcomings, because that is a sure way to prodding the government to do more. However, the government's achievements also deserve to be acknowledged and appreciated. Success is the best incentive for more success. If we have the right to criticise failures, we have the duty to appreciate successes. To throw mud on the face of Jordan should not be an evidence of championship of social causes

Similarly, it is tempting for pessimists to claim that the middle class is melting down and is about to disappear and join the poor. Poverty, they claim, is expanding by the day.

Such claim is normally accepted by our public opinion without demanding any evidence; not even a simple definition

]	Jordan	Middle East	The World
Child despths per 1000	32	86	97
Melnatriction	6%	24%	36%
Emmanit o	83%	78%	77%
lementary education	92%	81%	68%
Woman Fertility	5.8%	5.0%	3.4
Mothers mortality per	48	210	310
100,000 deliveries			

of the middle class was given.

According to the Marxist definition, the middle class, or the bourgeoisie, represent the whole society minus industrial labourers and peasants. That makes some 20 per cent of the Jordanian manpower on one side, and the large real estate owners and industrialists who make no more than 10 per cent on the other side. The middle class thus covers some 70 per cent of the Jordanian population.

It people are to be classified according to the level of income, we can identify no more than 20 per cent below the line of poverty, and 10 per cent of high and open income groups that include large real estate owners, contractors, importers and industrialists. The rest form the middle class. They normally earn their living through employment in the public and private sectors. Those who earn high salaries, or and professionals and self-employed and are highly educated, can be sub labled as upper middle class.
By all measures, the middle class in Jordan is sound and big.

It is the core of the Jordanian society. It forms anything between two thirds to three quarters of 600,000 Jordanian

The middle class shoulders the major burdeo of taxes. The poor hardly pay any tax. The rich are not affected by higher taxes. The middle class pays taxes at the expense of its members standard of living.

If the national economy prospers, the middle class will be of the control of the class will be of the control of t

beoefit. If the national economy faces trouble, the middle class will be the first to suffer. Therefore, it is the middle class which is more interested in economie, administrative and political reform. It naturally should pay the price of such reform.



Time for another, different revolution

THE PISTOL shots fired recently in a Tijuana slum ended two political lives and. perhaps, one political era. Luis Donaldo Colosio, the

presidential candidate of the Partido Revolucionario Institucional (PRI), died a literal death. Manuel Camacho, the popular former mayor of Mexico City, suffered an equally unexpected but merely political demise. And the shooting may well mark the close of Mexico's epoch of modernisa-

Had Mr. Colosio been felled hy a streetcar or a heart attack, Mr. Camacho would have been the favourite to take his place. As the government's peace envoy to the rebels in Chiapas, he has won wide acclaim by giving voice to the rebels' complaints. Two weeks ago, opinion polls showed that if he bolted the PRI and ran for president as an independent, he would be the most popular contender. But Mr. Camacho is no

favourite of the party faithful. When the peace envoy tried to join the wake at PRI headquarters, staff members and party stalwarts accosted him, chanting. "Colosio, si! Camacho no!"

Nobody knows what motivated Mr. Colosio's assassin, But when facts are absent. what the people believe counts. A poli published in the Mexico City daily Reforma iodicated that around 80 per cent of respondents had leapt to the conclusion that the killing was part of a conspiracy. Mr. Camacho is a primary suspect. His career, inside or outside the PRI, may have hit a dead

The sbooting heralds the end of Mexico's modernising, neoliberal epoch, and possibly the demise of the PRI, unless it

teinvents itself again. The party bas presided over the presidency since 1929, in various ideological robes. It put on a neoliberal suit in 1982, when Mexico was bankre red by an oil bust and Miguel de la Madrid Hurtado became president. During bis six-year term and the subsequent reign of his headstrong acolyte, Carlos Salinas de Gortari, the PRI removed the trade walls and safety nets that it had long ago raised to protect and pacify

The modernisation gambit climaxed last fall, when the North American Free Trade Agreement became law. The strategy was mortally wounded on Jan. 1, when the Chiapas rebels came down from the hills, daring the peasantry to knock the government to its

In politics, when something dies, something else - sometimes the same entity in a different guise - takes its place. According to the Reforma poll, many Mexicans believe that if the PRI did not order the Colosio shooting, he was killed by the criminals and revolutionaries who are greasing their guns everywhere. Mexicans have put up with the PRI's corruption for decades. but if it cannot control the desperados, they will have little use for it.

Recently, when a wealthy financier, Alfredo Harp Helu, disappeared, federal authorities revealed a recent wave of some 200 kidnappings of ranchers and financial dons. Because it wants to deny that revolutionary depredators are becoming widespread, the PRI without any proof blamed a hypothetical band of mercenary thugs for the kidnappings. Not many Mexicans are buying the line.

There are other causes of discontent. In the last 12 years, as prices rose and wages stood still, the purchasing power of working-class Mexicans declined by 60 per cent. As if to close an avenue of escape, in 1992 the government cancelled the long-standing promise of acreage to anyone willing to put it under the plow.

It also opened Mexico's doors to competing goods from corn to communications satellites - from the United States, the medidlesome power that Mexicans have beld io low esteem since Sam Houston's

Although bis term is not over, Carlos Salinas bas earned a berth in history as Mexico's third radical thoderniser. The first two are grants of infamy. Not a single cublic monument stands in Mexico to Hernan Cortes, who conquered the country for Spain. Porfirio Diaz, who paid off the country's 19th century debt, presided over the laying of railroad and electric lines and drove peasants off their lands, is reviled as a dictator.

Mexico is rnore like China or Iran than the Italy that pro-NAFTA Americans take it to be. Modernisation - Westernisation — bas never been popular in the Aztec home-

"When you have the kind of breakdown in the traditional way of doing things that we've had under Salinas, and you don't replace it with anything but your own power, arrogance, schiemes and talents, you get into trouble," the poli-tical scientist and writer Jorge

Castaneda | says.

The party's victories — always rife with frand — at least beld out the illusion of democracy and provided an orderly transfer of power. But this year its victory claim will run headon into armed disbelief and charges of fraud. The party's best known figures are not eligible to run because the constitution requires cabinet officers to resign six months before election day which is Aug. 21.

Sixty years (ago or even six), the PRI would have resolved the constitutional pinch by bastily amending the law, but those days are gone. Anyway, the party's leaders are identified with policies that are

rapidly falling out of favour, Mr. Colosio's death is also unsettling because assassination of leading politicians has not been a specter in postre-volutionary Mexican life. The country's last major political killing came in 1928, when

President-elect Alvaro Obregon was gunned down.

Mexican commoners don't shoot presidents. This is not because crazies are in short supply but because leaders bave retained some of the reverence once accorded to Aztec, godkings. For years, Mexicans bave been disgruntled with the PRI's policies, but when El Presidente addresses them (even on television), the people take deep breaths, awed by the pageantry and pomp. The bullets fired in Tijuana pierced that reverence. and the candidates are scared. At the start of the campaign, in displays of closeness to the people (conducted against a backdrop of popular infatuation with the bug-happy rebel leader, Sub-commander Marcos), they spurned the usual security squads. Now they are changing their minds.
"We will maintain our reg-

ime of freedom and constitutional order," Mr. Salinas declared after Mr. Colosio's death. And President Bill Clinton, referring to Mexico, the PRI and undoubtedly NAF-TA, said, "fundamentally, they're in good shape."

Both leaders are whistling in

the dark. Mexico is headed for an epoch as turbulent as 1968-1974, when terrorists kidnapped industrialists, the police murdered dissidents and guerrillas sniped at soldiers in the hills. For years, curious Amer-

icans have asked Mexicao friends when the revolution might resume. The appropriate response has been a wry "manana." If Mexico is lucky, manana will come in August.

But it won't come peaceably unless Mexico's leaders can convince the public that the PRI can conduct ao aboveboard - and, in Mexico, truly revolutionary - election campaign.

The writer is author of "Conversations With Moctezuma: Ancient Shadows Over Modern Life in Mexico." This comment is reprinted from the New York Times.

Hosokawa falls to doubts over own record

By Sebastian Moffett Reuter

TOKYO - Moribiro Hosokawa shot to power by campaigning against corruption in Japanese politics, but his downfall was due to an ioability to shake off allegations that be too bad participated in shady deals.

Mr. Hosokawa's resignation as prime minister on Friday followed four weeks of parliameotary paralysis as the opposition Liberal Democrats (LDP) held the national budget bostage to push demands that he come clean over deals he made in the 1980s.

Instead of getting on with the job of pushing through the budget, be has spent much of the past few weeks partying queries over his personal finances from tenacious opposition lawmakers.

Mr. Hosokawa insisted 100 million yen (\$980,000) he took in 1982 from Sagawa Kyubin, a trucking company involved in a 1992-93 moneyand-mobsters payoff scandal, was a loan he bad repaid by

Despite his denials, the LDP said it suspected the money was used illicitly to fund his soccessful 1983 bid for election as governor of Kumamoto, in soutbern

It demanded he produce receipts proving he repaid the money and that be allow a former financial aide to testify in parliament on the

Mr. Hosokawa also came under attack for a 1986-1987 transaction in shares of Nippoo Telegraph and Tele-phone Corp (NTT) that be claimed was conducted by his late father-in-law. The problem snowballed to

such an extent that when he was reported a few days ago to bave said in jest, and over drinks, that be wanted to resign, many people thought that despite his denials this was actually what he wanted

By Wednesday, the "joke" was headline news in most of Japan's top dailies and the main item on televisioo talk

The circumstances of Mr. Hosokawa's resignation come as a supreme irony for a man who made his came in oational politics by pledging to clean it up.

After serving as Kumamoto governor until 1990, making a came for himself as a maverick planner and reformer, be quit the LDP and in

1992 formed the Japan New

Party. He said he wanted to reform a political system that, with the LDP monopolising national power for four de cades, had developed into a

hot-bed of money politics. At first the political establishment gave him a cool reception, but Mr. Hosokawa was able to capitalise on his pedigree as scion of a renowned Samurai family, bis reforming record in local politics and refreshingly clean, youthful image, Born in 1938, he was a generation younger than the LDP lead-

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ership.

His message won popular support and contributed to the LDP's losing a no-confidence motion last year after it reneged on promises to pass. bills outlawing political corruption.

In subsequent elections. his party came from oowhere to wrest 53 seats in the 511member lower house. The LDP lost its majority, and Mr. Hosokawa, with no experience of national government, was chosen in August to lead an awkward coalitioo of conservatives, socialists and Buddhists.

The electorate appeared to sympathise with his struggle to pass electoral reforms in the teeth of LDP spoiling and resistance from coalition elements to make any concessions. For a time, he basked in boneymoon poll ratings, of around, 70 per cent, a record for post-war Japan.

Eventually, after being forced to compromise with the LDP, be passed a package of watered-down reforms in January and seemed to be streogtbeoiog bis grip oo

Under opposition attack for bis Sagawa dealings, however Mr. Hosokawa's ratings began to melt away.

As troubles piled up, Mr. Hosokawa had to spend much of his time scrapping in the domestic political arena. But he also drew attention abroad for a style that diverged from Japan's previous foreign policy.
The LDP had established a

pattern of backing down in battles with the United States over trade and other thorny bilateral issues.

Mr. Hosokawa had established an early friendship with U.S. President Bill Clin-February when the two men failed to agree on a deal over reduciog Japan's coormous trade surplus with the United.

Bosnia's final battle could be waged soon

By Dusan Stojanovic The Associated Press

BELGRADE — The powerful Serb onslaught on a Mus-lim enclave proclaimed a U.N. "safe area" could, ironically, hasten the end of the Bosnian war.

After the battle for Gorazde, a besieged Muslim enclave in eastern Bosnia, both Serbs and Muslims may finally come to the understanding that only negotiations and oot military force can end two years of blood-The Serb attack on

Gorazde, which started in late March, was apparently prompted by a staunch Musim opposition to accepting a painful reality on the ground. The beavily armed Serbs control 72 per ceot of the republic. The Serb message was: If

Muslims continuously reject as inadequate Serb Offers to relinquish 16 per ceot of their. military gains, they will be faced with losing even more

The isolated pocket of Gorazde was an easy target since the rapidly improving Bosnian government army was unable to provide fite support or reinforcements for its beleaguered defeoders.

Muslims, boosted by a newly established federation with Croats in Bosnia, had apparently believed they could retake some of their lost territory by military means iostead of oegotiations. They reportedly launched a series of attacks on Serb-held positions in other parts of Bosnia.

The government forces achieved some gains in central and oorthern Bosnia before Serbs responded with full force oear Gorazde, one of the six "safe areas" proclaimed by the U.N. Security Council a year ago.

"If the Muslims do not immediately stop their offensive aloog all coofrootatioo lines, we will order an all-out counteroffensive and theo let the Security Council belp them," Bosnian Serb leader Radovan Karadzic warned

Thursday. The Muslims, who are seeking about 64 per cent of Bosnia for the federation, had counted oo Western moral and Croat military support for their campaign. But oeitbet came.

Instead, the West reacted with indifference, calling for more negotiations. The Croats, the weakest side in the wat, proved incapable of altering the balance. The warring parties 'ought

over with, and I hope they will," U.S. President Bill Clinton said Monday. Even Lt. Gen. Micbael Rose, the U.N. commander io Bosnia, downplayed_the power of the Serbian offensive, calling it a limited attack, despite dramatic re-

to negotiate a peace and get it

ports to the contrary hy his own U.N. military observers in Gorazde. Using their overwhelmiog superiority in artillery and tanks, the Serbs penetrated deep into the pocket, which is bome to an estimated 65,000 people, many of them re-

fugees who have fled nearby villages shelled by the Serbs. "If this is 'not serious' as (the U.N.) seems to be saying... I hope I don't see a serious situation develop." commented one of the U.N. military observers in Gorazde in a radio report made avail-

insisted on anonymity. Faced with the prospect of losing Gorazde, the largest of three remaining enclaves in. eastern Bosnia, the Muslims conditionally accepted a Serb offer for oegotiating a general ceasefire in the republic.



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Kurdish villagers form frail defence against guerrillas

By Suna Erdem

DERINCE, Turkey - Turkey has lavished guns and money on 56,000 Kurdisb village guards, reluctant warriors in a pitiless struggle with the Kurdistan Workers Party

Getting Kurds to take up government weapons against their guerrilla kin scores points for Ankara in the propaganda war with the PKK in the southeast. But their military value is debat-

A score of state-paid local guards failed to prevent PKK raiders from killing 22 of their women and children in an attack on Derince village, nestled below two craggy peaks, last October

Reporters taken to Derince in a military helicopter late last month were told the men were at bome when the rebels struck at night.

The guards just don't use their guns. All that money and training goes to waste said Musa, one of 20 Turkish soldiers sent to protect Derince's 200 people after the

More than 11,000 people have been killed in Turkey since the PKK began its secessionist struggle in the southeast in 1984.

Kurdish peasants may become village guards for the money or in response to pressure from the security forces or their own tribes.

The monthly pay of around 4.5 million lira (\$188) is such a powerful lure in the impoverished region that men even enlist their toddler sons so the family can rake in extra cash.

"You go into a village and see little kids running around with guns," one soldier from Siirt province said.

Locals say some Kurdish farmers, squeezed by both sides in the conflict, have to choose between becoming guards or leaving their bomes. Turkey dentes tharges by human rights groups that its troops burn or forcibly evacuate recalcitrant vil-

lages.
"In practice many guards are afraid to fight and hide behind their women," Musa gesturing at Derince Ragtag group of weather-worn, middle-aged men with assault rifles.

Village gnard Ismail Erdem, asked how he pro-tected his family, pointed his rifle to the sky and said: "We bave Allah.

Soldiers said women

gathering wood or working in the fields were easy prey for the PKK. Men let the women answer the door.

Colonel Esref Hatipoglu. in charge of 100,000 gendarmes in Diyarbakir province, said the guards were vital to match the PKK's local knowledge and familiarity with the mountainous ter-

*Conscripts from places like Istanbul or Ankara don't know the villages, their customs, the country," Mr. Hatipogla told reporters.

He said low educational standards in the southeast made it harder to turn the unruly guards, some of wbom speak only rudimentary Turkisb, into an effective defence force.

"Sometimes guards fight among themselves in blood feuds like cave men," he "They are not always easy to control.

Television programmes in Kurdish would help raise general knowledge and awareness and may reduce fighting." he said.

Turkey lifted a ban on spoken Kurdish in 1991, but education and broadcasting in Kurdish are still officially

Mr. Hatipoglu said the guards were a tangible show of backing for the state. "Some villages support the PKK. Local support is essential. Whoever gets support wins the war," be said.

Derince guards voice loyalty to Turkey, but almost in the same breath complain bitterly of the state's shortcomings. "We have no water, no electricity. The government has done nothing for us on this god-forsaken mountain," said Mr. Erdem.

Mr. Hatipogln blamed the plight of Derince and other villages on the PKK rebels. saying they cut power and telephone lines and wrecked water supplies, bridges and road-building machinery.

Village guards are reviled by Kurdish nationalists as traitors, especially in pro-PKK strongholds such as the town of Cizre, where the guards danced, played drums and waved Turkish flags to mark the new year festival of Nowrouz on March 21.

The PKK had told its supporters to stay at bome to avoid bloody clashes of the kind that disrupted Nowrouz in 1992, when townsfolk staged Kurdish nationalist



Armed policemen take positions with automatic rifles while Zulus take cover during a gunbattle at ANC headquarters in Johannesburg (AFP photo)

South Africa's killing fields

State of emergency fails to halt Natal violence

By Judith Matloff Reuter

DURBAN, South Africa -The state of emergency declared in South Africa's Zulu heartland has failed in its first week to curb violence tearing the region apart and there are too few troops to enforce it. violence monitors say.

President F.W. De Klerk imposed the state of emergency on Natal province and the adjoining Kwazulu homeland March 31 to quell unrest and ensure the country's first all-race elections proceed as scheduled on April 26-28.

But more than 110 people have died in the region in the past week, over 20 since Tuesday in one of the most

violent 24-hour periods in the region in four years of apartheid reform.

The seven-day death toll is more than a third of the 300 deaths recorded in March. and the daily killings have risen sharply since the emergency was declared.

Violence monitors said the 1.200 troops deployed on the ground were too few to police properly the lush hilly area and stop a virtual civil war between Zulu followers of Nelson Mandela's African National Congress (ANC). which is expected to win the polls comfortably, and Chief Mangosuthu Buthelezi's Inkatha Freedom Party which is

boycotting the elections. An electoral report issued on Tuesday said it would be impossible to hold free and

fair elections in Kwazulu because of the high level of political intolerance and in-

Independent violence monitor Mary de Haas said the troop presence-was "better than nothing."

"(I)t would be impossible to hold free

"But there just aren't

Other monitors said that while it was reassuring to contact the South African defence force with reports of potential flashpoints, police not a lack of security force numbers, but a lack of effi-

offs and army raids with

monitors in the killing fields

of Natal have long com-plained that the problem is

Independent violence

and fair elections in Kwazulu because of the high level of political intolerance and intimidation."

enough troops to deal with the situation. It's too little. too late," she added.

often did not follow up tip-

In a graphic example of the apparent powerlessness of the security forces, dozens of police and soldiers backed by armoured vehicles, helicop-

ters and dogs looked on as

10.000 pro-Inkatha Zulus de-

fied emergency regulations

ditional" weapons in northern Natal on Tuesday. Police said they had decided not to strip them of their spears, fighting sticks. machetes and knives.

"There would have been a bloodbath if we had tried to disarm them. You can only imagine what would have happened." police spokes-woman Major Margaret Kruger told Reuters.

Asked if this reflected poorly on the security forces ability to enforce the state of emergency, she nodded and said: "Yes, I guess it does."

"This makes a mockery of the state of emergency," said one international observer. as police gave up searching the dozens of buses packed with marchers arriving at the northern Natal town of empangeni for the ultimately peaceful march.

Police said they would gather evidence on march organisers, including senior Inkatha members. But it would be up to the attorneygeneral to lay charges of violations of the emergency regulations banning the carrying of weapons.

Some violence monitors questioned whether there would in fact be a crackdown on Inkatha officia

Political analysts and monitors said Inkatha's boycott of the elections contributed directly to the increase in

"Inkatha is trying to enforce what they want through sheer terror." said Mary de

T.

RJ to get capital boost

(Continued from page 1)

KPMG Peat of London under the supervision of a government-appointed tecbnical committee, is expected to recommend a modality for privatising the airline while retaining majority Jordanian

It was reported earlier that the consultants had submitted a draft report which was asked to be revised by the committee. No detail was available of the report.

However, it is believed that the government favours transforming the airline into an entity wholly owned by the government as well as government agencies and some of its local creditors in the first phase.

The second phase will involve inviting foreign capital of up to 49 per cent, according to a recommendation submitted by an international firm which conducted a study two years

ago.

The study also recommended that the capital of the airline be raised to at least \$100 million. The latest move of the government meets that recommendation part way. The airline has 16 planes -

four Airbus-310s, three Airbus-320s, five TriStars, two Boeing 727s and three Boeing 707s. It is scheduled to take delivery of another Airbus-320 m June

The airline has a good number of lucrative routes and it bas been registering good Operational profits after a period of slackness during the late 1980s. Amman serves as a transit point for travellers from Europe and the U.S. to the Far East, including Singapore. Malaysia, Thailand and In-

(Continued from page 1)

"What is the meaning of a prolonged closure?" Dr. Tibi

therefore the direct result is damage to all residents of the Dr. Tibi, speaking in Heb-

"With all the understanding

for security considerations, an answer must be found to the barm caused to Palestinian residents of the territories because Israel is still responsible for the livelihood and sustenance of the Palestinians," be

Chief PLO negotiator Nabil Sbaath said Saturday that be feared more delays in the peace talks would lead to further violence and accused

(Continued from page 1)

or who was organising the con-

The United Nations was also

considering sending 1,500

reinforcements to the peackeep-

ing force in Rwanda to evacu-

ate foreigners, but long deli-berations would be likely be-

fore they could be sent. A

Security Council session was

heard Saturday from the rebel

camp at Mulindi, 70 kilometres

north of the capital. A U.N.

observer, speaking on condi-

tion of anonymity, said the

rebels were attacking on three

General Paul Kagame,

Distant shelling could be

planned later Saturday.

tories was acceptable to the PLO.

replied. "The balt to the employment of thousands of people, harm to the livelibood of thousands of families ... and

rew, called on Israel to find a way to maintain security for Israelis without barming

Israel rejects PLO call

Violence continues in Rwanda

Israel of dragging out the pro-cess to force concessions.

He spoke on the eve of the fresh round of talks that the Palestinians bope will lead by Wednesday to a final agreement on withdrawal of Israeli troops from the Gaza Strip and Jericho and the start of Palestinian self-rule.

A deadline of April 13 was set in the accord signed by the PLO Israel last September for completing Israel's troop withdrawal

Israeli officials, including Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin, have said the deadline will not be met, like the initial Dec. 13 target for starting Israel's with-

"Every time he talks about the dates not being sacred, he suggests Israel can hold on forever and we're supposed to buckle under." Dr. Shaath complained.

Dr. Sbaath also expressed concern that Mr. Rabin's tactics were more those of a general going to war than a prime minister trying to make peace. Mr. Rabin was Israel's chief of staff in the 1967 war.

chairman of the rebel com-

mand, said they were fighting

the hardline presidential

guard.
"We appeal to all Rwan-

dans to help fight this clique,

including government soldiers

who may want to join us,"

Gen. Kagame said Saturday on

Another rebel commander,

Theorgene Rudasingwa, said

the Rwanda Patriotic Front

was trying to advance on Kigali

to reinforce 600 rebels, mainly

Tutsis, battling the Hutu guard

The guard and the rebels

were not involved in the selec-

tion of the new government, according to a U.N. statement

rebel Radio Mwabura.

and government troops.

issued in New York.

when the West Bank and Gaza

"He (Rabin) follows the philosophy that if you fight with someone, you want to weaken him," Dr. Shaath said. "If you're making peace, the opposite is true. You want to strengthen your opponent so be can deliver."

Dr. Shaatb warned that further delays would lead to more violence by opponents of the peace process

The longer the process drags on, the more it encourages extremists on both sides,"

Dr. Shaath also revealed that PLO and Israeli negotiators agreed last week that 9.000 policemen will be deployed in Gaza and Jericho. But he said the negotiators are still debating whether, 6,500 or 7,000 will come from outside the two territories.

The "outsiders" will be Palestinians drawn from PLO military units across the Arab World. Many already have undergone police training in Jordan and Egypt, and PLO sources say some will be allowed to return to Gaza and

Fighting in Rwanda has left bundreds dead, including abont 20 priests and nuns and dozens of aid workers. But Burundi was reported calm.

Wounded and dead "can be counted by the thousands," said Dr. Pierre Harze, a spokesman in Paris for the bumanitarian organisation Doctors Witbout Borders. There are a buge number of bodies in the street," he said. citing staff members in Kigali.

na was reported dragged from a U.N. compound by members of the presidential guard and killed in front of U.N. work-

The savage fighting broke out Wednesday night. On Thursday Acting Prime Minister Agathe Uwihgiyama-

ers, U.N. sources said. Ten Belgian peacekeepers Jericho with their families. Dr. Sbaath said, however, that the two sides were still debating how large the initial contingent will be.

"Israel bas asked for 300, we are asking for the three battalions, or about 1,000," Dr. Shaath said. "We're still discussing it."

He said there would be some

"overlap" in deployment, with Palestinian police moving into areas at least a week before Israeli troops withdraw. "All these schedules will be triggered when we have a date

for the signing," Dr. Shaath said. "We don't have a commitment vet. He said that weaponry for the police had been agreed, but did not give details. And he said Israel has accepted "by and large" that the force will enter with some ceremony to make clear to the disillusioned residents that now Palestinian

Mahmoud Abbas, a member of the PLO Executive Committee and a top aide to Mr. Arafat, arrived in Cairo this weekend and would act as a consultant to the Palestinian team, Dr. Shaath said.

police would be protecting

were tortured and killed, the commander of the Belgian U.N. peackeepers in Rwanda, Colonel Luc Marchal, told Belgian RTBF radio. An 11th body was unidentified but could be a peacekeeper, reports said.

The U.N. soldiers were part of a 2,500-man peacekeeping force sent to administer an accord the Hutus reached with the Tutsis in August. The accord, under which Uwilingiyamana took office, has divided the Hutus.

The U.N. Security Council president said the new government represents a range of political leaders from opposition parties but no one in the new government came from

and marched with their "tra-The British Airway Theatre at Hotel Inter-Continental Jordan Present Virginie Karl Howman Gilchrist Iles Mary Conlon Graeme Henderson Anthony Psaila Anthony Morton by SAMUEL TAYLOR INTER-CONTINENTAL

EU finance ministers duck ERM decisions

Henning Christophersen

"If we want to move back to

a narrow band we must have

Luxembourg Finance Minister Jean-Claude Juncker

agreed, but added that a deci-

sion on what constituted a

'normal' ERM band would

"We have to have this dis-

cussion before the end of the

year...by discussion I mean take a decision," be said.

If the EU is to stand any

chance of meeting its Jan. 1,

1997 target for creation of a

single EU currency, the minis-

ters must decide hy the end of

this year what constitutes a

"normal" fluctuation band

Under the terms of the

Maastricht treaty, a national

currency must have been inside

the "normal" ERM band for at

least two years in order to

With either destination, we offer the roomy comfort of our modern fleet and

our super Business Class service - oot to mention our traditional, warm

Turkish hospitality that makes every trip oo Turkish Airlines a classic!

TURKISH AIRLINES

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equalify to join the single

within the ERM.

ISTANBUL AND ANTALYA:

2 CLASSIC DESTINATIONS

L CLASSIC AIRLINE.

AMMAN - ANTALYA

AMMAN - ISTANBUL

Departure

06:00

Al Riyadh Center, 8th Floor, Tel: (6) 659102/659112.

Amman Office: Jahal Amman, Third Circle,

(19/06 - 28/08) Oeparture Arrival

SUNDAY 05:15

have 10 be made this year.

firmer ground under our feet,'

Mr. Christophersen said.

early Aug. 1.

ATHENS (R) — European Union (EU) finance minsters, their economies still struggling out of recession, Friday called for lower interest rates to aid recovery hut dodged any deci-sion on their stretched currency management system.

At the midway point of an informal two-day session, they alos left over for another time decisions on how to fund jobcreation schemes and investments in cross-border road, rail and data networks.

There was gentle pressure on central bank governors to accelerate reductions in interest rates to promote growth and cope with the economic and social crisis," the chairman, junior Greek economy minister Yannis Papantoniou. told a news conference. Greece currently holds the rotating EU presidency.

The ministers shied away

from making any early move to reinstate the former narrow -fluctuation bands of the Exchange Rate Mechanism (ERM) of the European Currency System (EMS), the vehicle supposed to carry the union to its single currency goal.

"I regard it as rather unlikely that an early discussion on ERM bands takes place," Mr. Papantoniou said.

Economic Affairs Commissioner Henning Christophersen said that before any move back to the former 2.25 and six per cent bands from the current 15 per cent, national budgets and monetary policy had to be hrought under con-

The shaky ERM came unstuck amid heavy currency spe-culation last June and July and the bands were widened in

opened the ERM bands to plus or minus 15 pet cent last August they declared the move to be temporary.

However, monetary sources have said there is a general feeling that as the system is functioning well at the moment it would be inappropriate to start making any changes.

A senior commission source hinted that when the time came to make a formal decision, the ministers would probably try to side-step the issue of hand width and opt instead to highlight currency stability even though this might cause trouble with countries wanting to stick to the strict terms of the treaty.

Mr. Papantoniou said that on the topic of cross-border road, rail and information networks - a key item in a European Commission white paper on jobs and growth issued in December — the ministers failed to resolve differences on central funding.

We decided that to begin with we should identify the projects then find the neces-

sary funds," he said. At issue is an eight billion (\$9 billion) European Currency units (ECU) shortfall between money available from the EU's annoal budget and the European Investment Bank and the 20 billion ECUs (\$22.6 billion) a year identified in the white paper as being the amount necessary for pump-

The commission initially proposed funding the gap by issuing bonds on its own behalf, hut backed off in the face of determined opposition by the ministers.

Japan pays less for more **UAE** oil in 1993

DUBAI (R) — Japan's crude oil imports from the United Arab Emirates (UAE) rose by 3.9 per ceot in 1993 to about 402 million harrels but it paid less than the previous year due to weaker oil prices, official figures showed Saturday.

Figures by the Japan Exter-nal Trade Organisation (JET-RO) said due to a 10.4 per cent drop in average import prices in 1993, Japan paid \$7.27 bil-lion for UAE oil compared to \$7.75 it paid in 1992 for 387 milioo barrels.

Japan imported 26.3 per cent of its total crude needs from the UAE, its main supplier. JETRO put the average price per barrel in 1993 at \$18.1 compared to \$20.2.

World oil prices fell to fiveyear lows late last year and crude now sells at about 20 per cent lower than its price last

JETRO put total UAE-Japan trade in 1993 at \$11.48 hillion, a decline of 7.9 per cent from the previous year. Total Japanese imports from the UAE also dropped in 1993 to \$8.95 billion from \$9.74 billion in 1992.

UAE imports from Japan dropped by 7.1 per ceot in 1993 to \$2.53 billion and JETRO attributed the fall in total trade to weaker oil prices, the rise of the yeo by 14 per cent in 1993 and a decrease in demand from Iran — a main UAE reexport market.

Japan's export of video recorders, sought after by the thousands of tourists from the former Soviet Union who flock to the Gulf Arab state in search of bargain prices, rose by 19.2 per ceot in 1993 to \$134.4 millioo.

Japan's car exports to the UAE also dropped by 8.3 per cent in 1993 to \$493 million while the number of passenger vehicles exported fell by 22.7 per cent to .38,253 units.

Libyan steps down from AFS

MANAMA (R) — Libyan banker Abdullah Saudi, who Arab Banking Corp BSC (ABC) because of Lockerbie sanctions, had also resigned as chairman of Arab Financial Services Co. E.C. (AFS).

The Bahrain-based AFS, owned by some 56 Arab banks and financial services, used to be the main issuer of travellers cheques in the Arah World until the sanctions struck.

It now has a business in payment cards such as Visa, in wholesale banknote dealing and retail foreign exchange,

among other activities. Mr. Saodi resigned following pressure from the U.S. Treasury's Office of Foreign Asset Control, which temporarily froze AFS' U.S. assets on the grounds that it was Libyan an assertion that was contested since Libya had only a minority

stake. He told a news conference at ABC, which had the largest share in AFS of any bank, that the oew acting chairman was Abdul Hadi Shayif, a top official at the Jeddah-hased National Commercial Bank, AFS's second largest shareholder.

Money launderers taking millions out of U.S.

WASHINGTON (AP) — Criminals who want to make their gains look legitimate are avoiding U.S. rules on cash transac-tioos by increasingly taking their money overseas, a report bas said.

"Literally hillions of dollars are now leaving our country every year to be put into the flow of commerce and returned to this country as lauodered capital," said Senator Sam Nunn.

Domestic financial institutions are required to tell the government of currency transactions involving \$10,000 or

more.
"Mooey launderers are increasingly concerned by these strict reporting and disclosure requirements and are afraid of being caught by them," said Mr. Nun. He requested the study by the General Accounting Office (GAO) Congress' investigative branch.

By contrast, the GAO found that it's fairly easy to smuggle currency — much of it the receipts from drug sales.

"The nation has thousands of miles of unguarded borders; where ports to do exist, the inspection of outbound cargo and passengers is not given the same emphasis as inbouod in-spection, the GAO wrote.

Smugglers stow large amounts of cash in motor vehicles, air or ocean cargo shipmeots, iocluding almost \$6.5 millioo found in 26 sealed metal containers at JFK International Airport in New York.
In addition, individuals have

been stopped trying to board airplanes with hundreds of thousands of dollars hidden on

In 1984, the president's

Commission on Organised Crime said up to \$15 billion of the estimated \$50 billion to \$75 hillion in illegal U.S. drug proceeds was moving into international financial channels. As much as \$5 billion - one-third of the \$15 billion - was being taken out of the country as currency, the commission be-

lieved. "Improved compliance by the banks with reporting requirements since then bas probably resulted in this figure currently being more like two-thirds," Mr. Nunn said io a statemeot.

The report said the customs service is increasing its attention to currency smuggling out of the country. It had seized about \$171 million in currency being smuggled out from 1989 through 1992, the report

not expected to be considered

until the second half of this

law on oil and gas, which has taken about three years to draft hut is vital for attracting

foreign investment, could be

approved by parliament in May, the fuel and energy

to complete work on the draft

law on oil and gas and submit it

to the state Duma (lower

chamber of parliament) no la-

ter than the third week io

April... the law could finally be

adopted in May," the minis-try's Infotek Information Ser-

Foreign oil companies bave

been reluctant to plunge large

amounts of cash into potential-

ly lucrative oil projects in Rus-

sia because of political, economic and legislative uncertainty.

"A decision bas been taken

ministry has said.

vice said.

Meanwhile, a new Russian

Political strife hits Mexico economy

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GUADALAJRA, Mexico (R) -Mexican Finance Minister Pedro Aspe said Friday his country's economy bas been: affected by the political violence of recent months, but. that he expected the effects tobe shortlived.

Mr. Aspe said the primary effect has been a rise in interest rates, but it was too early to know if the rates would stay up long enough to burt economic

He said rising rates reflect concern in the financial markets about a peasant uprising that broke out new year's day in the southern state of Chiapas and the assassination last month of ruling party presidential candidate Luis Donal do Colosio.

We have to recognise that the (economic) recuperation that was underway has been affected," Mr. Aspe said in a speech to the Congress of the Americas conference here. "I would not take the cur-

rent interest rates as permanent. hut as transitory and io this sense I don't think they will affect the recuperation in a fundamental way," he said.

'The truth is that it is too early to know," be added. Interest rates for Mexico's benchmark 28-day treasnry hills have risen around five percentage points in recent

weeks to 14 per cent. Mr. Aspe said Mexico's economy, which was stagnant for much of 1993, began growing again after the North American Free Trade Agreement linking the economies of Mexico, Canada and the United States was approved last

He said the government is, for now, standing by its goal of economic growth of three per cent and five per ceot inflation

He also vowed that "in 1994 there will be no budget deficit" and that the government will continue with its current fiscal and monetary policies. "In Mexico there is no room

to return to the policies of the



The officials, quoted by Russia's economic news ageocy Prime, said Prime Minister Viktor Chernomyrdin and central bank chief Viktor Gerashchenko woold present the statement to the International Monetary Fund (IMF) soon.

Russia is trying to convince the Washiogtoo-hased IMF that it should release a \$1.5 billion loan carmarked for Moscow.

In the document, the governmeot said its policy priority in 1994 would be lowering in-flation, which stood at 8.7 per cent a month in March. Deflationary policies would continue in 1995. The central bank, for its

part, would ensure from April 1 that its discount rate is not more than five percentage points below interbank market quotes, the officials told the

agency.

The policy statement said central bank loans to the banking sector would be priced ness lower than its discount rate, which at present is 210 per cent.

ferential loans to state enterprises, whose debts to each other bave soared to 16 trillion roubles (\$9 billion) in Russia's

trillion roubles (\$30.4 billion), below a 62 trillion (\$35 bilbon)] deficit in a draft hudget due to be debated by parliament next month. Five per cent of the budget

deficit would he financed through treasury bill issues. To finance spending, the

government promised to refrain from printing money. Instead, it would make maximum use of foreign credits and precious metals operations, the document said. The rouble, which has de-

preciated against the dollar much more slowly than infla-tion due to central hank policing, would no longer be supported artificially, it added. Central bank officials were not immediately available for

The IMF bas made the \$1.5 billion loan, delayed due to government failure to rein in-

spending, conditional on measures to raise budget income. The find under pressure from the United States and its allies to bail out Russia, gave the go-ahead for the loan last

mic reform programme with The loan, which was approved during a visit to Mos-cow by IMF Managiog Direc-

worsening non-payment crisis. Seminar focuses on N. Zealand dairy quality and innovation

ONE HUNDRED delegates representing all Middle Eastem countries, including one from Jordan, bave attended a two-day Recombining Seminar in Bahrain hosted by New Zea-

Targetted at the NZMP's industrial recombining customers, and featuring the theme "New Ideas for Quality and Information," the seminar included speakers from New Zealand, Europe and the Middle East.

After an opening by New Zealand Ambassador Gordoo land Dairy Board, set the tone for the semmar hy providing an overview of the international

dairy market. Speeches followed on Total Quality Management, Food Safety, Microbiological Trouble Shooting, Sensory Evaluation Skills, Innovations in Ice Cream Processing, Raw Material Handling and Innovations in Packaging Technology.

Parkinson, Alistair Betts. General Manager, New Zea-

land Milk Products (Middle East) known as NZMP.

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR SUNDAY APRIL 10, 1994 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: The New Moon in Aries isn't well aspected or focused and you may feel that your stamina is being taxed as the Moon squares Neptune later in the day. Don't spend any money foolishly now.

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Strengthen your philosophy of life so that the future becomes more satisfying. Make fascinal-ing new plans for the days ahead about a new idea.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) Handle routine duties early in the day so you'll have time for recreation later. Handle communication matters wisely and you will succeed. GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Cooperate more with family

members and have increased harmony. An intuitive prompting could be wrong at this time for you and family. MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Make sure you live according to your beliefs. Try to

be of greater assistance to rithers and gain their goodwill when you LEO: (July 22 to August 21) A fine day to plan how 10 have more abundance in the days ahead. The evening is ideal for entertaining good friends in

pleasant surroundings VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Concentrate your energies on home affairs and post-

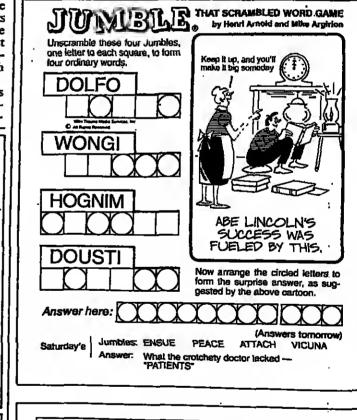
pone outside activities for now. Express happiness with loved ones at home.

LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Study the philosophy which can give you a fuller life. Plan how to stretch your finances so you have more security for you and your family. SCORPIO: (October 23 to

November 21) Don't commit yourself to anything in the morning and concentrate on ideas that could add to the present abundance of you and your loved ones. SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) You may arise in a strange mood but that sooo passes. Attend services that can clevate your way of living for the future to come. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to

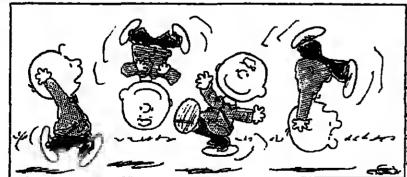
January 20) A fine day for planning bow to operate more efficiently in your line of endeavour. Discuss the future with family members and get their opinion. AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Plan a sensible course of action for the coming week. Concentrate on how to have added income in the days ahead for all which are around

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) Plan carefully how to gain your most cherished aims. Show more devotion for loved one and express happiness together for being together.





Peanuts



07:10

Arrival

08:45



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KLM returns to Jordan

SEVERAL senior officials from the Dutch airlines KLM have expressed extreme happiness over KLM's return to the Jordanian market by launching one daily flight to and from Queen Alia International Airport.

At a press conference held last Wednesday at Forte Grand Hotel in Amman, senior KLM officials voiced their genuine desire to market Jordan's tourism in Europe in view of the political stability and security prevalent in Jordan as well as its archaeological, historical and touristic attractions.

The officials stressed the need to invest in the prospects of achieving peace in the region in tourism fields and called for more attention to be paid to the region to market it in a way that would attract tourist groups to enjoy the Mideast weather, particularly for those visitors coming from Norway, Sweden and other European countries.

The officials said they expected KLM to make large profits as in the past year, when it had expanded its operations and its market, reduced expenditures and tangibly increased production, thus reaping benefits and achieving goals while at the same time maintaining the good quality of services.

They also welcomed attracting European tourists to Jordan, noting that they would call on Dutch companies to cootribute to establishing touristie infrastructure and facilities in Jordan to bring tourists to the Kingdom.

Noting that the number of travellers aboard KLM aircraft has reached between 10 and 11 million oo various international destinations, they said that KLM's services go beyond reserving tickets as the air carrier cootinues to ensure the comfort of its passengers till they reach their final destination.

Kuwait bank assets fall 6% The bonds were issued in 1992 in return for the bank's

KUWAIT (R) - Combined assets of Kuwaiti banks fell 6.7 per cent in 1993, official figures have showed.

The combined balance sheet of the nine commercial and specialised banks was 8.535 bilhon dinars (\$28.7 billion) at the end of December 1993 compared to 9.151 billion dinars (\$30.8 billion) at the end of December 1992, a central bank monthly bulletin showed.

Economists say the main cause of the fall was the withdrawal by the central bank of around 1.3 billion dinars (\$4.37 billion) in cheap funds as part of reforms aimed at wearing the banks off state support and bringing them up to international standards.

The central bank carried out the withdrawals in May and September by amortising some of the banks' heldiogs of government bonds.

portfolios of bad debt in the first stage of a settlement of a problem that bas cast a pall over the economy for a de-

The debts stem from the 1982 crash of an informal stock exchange and losses worsened by Iraq's 1990-91 occupation. The state provided the banks

with funds at zero interest in 1986 to belp them survive the 1982 crash which brought some of them to the verge of bank-The state provided the banks

with anothr series of funds at low rates of interest in 1991 to belp them over difficulties caused by economic damage wrought by Iraq's occupation. The bulletin showed local investments fell 16.6 per cent

to 5.417 billion (\$18.2 billion).

oet foreign assets rose eight

per cent to 1.55 billion (\$5.2 billion) dinars, cash and cash items rose 23 per cent to 54 million (\$181 million).

Balances with the central bank fell 14 per cent to 15.9 million dinars (\$53.5 million). credit facilities to residents rose 15.6 per cent to 905 million dinars (\$3.04 billion). Other assets rose 57 per cent to 589 million dinars (\$1.98 bil-

On the liabilities side, foreign liabilities fell 8.4 per cent to 533 million dinars (\$1.79 billion), and other liabilities fell 36 per cent to 1.467 billion (\$4.93 billion).

Own funds rose one per cent to 952 million dinars (\$3.2 billioo), private sector deposits rose 6.5 per cent to 5.37 billion dinars (\$18 billion). Government deposits fell 25 per cent to 212 million dinars (\$713

Iraq wants stronger ties with ex-Soviet republics

BAGHDAD (R) - Iraq's most influential newspaper called Saturday for greater economic ties with CIS countries and said Iraq was willing to consider selling them crude oil once a U.N. embargo is lifted.

"This political and diploma-

tic move towards the newlyindependent states of the former Soviet Union has been and still is an important and tequired issue," Babel newspaper said.

Babel, which is published by President Saddam Hussein's eldest son Uday, added: "In addition there are the considerations of the Islamic ties between Iraq and the new Islamic states in Central Asia."

The newspaper said Iraq

could offer to meet all the oil requirements of the Ukraine. A similar accord could be struck with other CIS coun-

Iraqi crude oil exports remain banned under a United Nations embargo imposed after Iraqi troops invaded Kuwait in 1990.

The newspaper said that re-cent discussions between Iraq and foreign oil companies showed that it could negotiate quite legitimately with these

Last month, the official Iraqi news agency INA said the Iraqi oil minister had concluded deals with French oil companies that would be activated once the U.N. sanctions

countries.

against Iraq were eased or

It quoted Iraq's Oil Minister Safa Hadi Jawad as saying that major U.S., British, Bruzilian. Canadian and Spanish oil companies had expressed willing ness to negotiate similar agree-

Mr. Jawad said that Iraq's oil output was now 550,000 to 600.000 barrels per day, adding that it was developing previously known but untapped oilfields in central and western

areas of the country. Before the U.N. embargo. Iraq was producing 3.25 miltion barrels per day (b/d); of crude oil of which 2.75 million b/d were for export.

NOON FIRMCIAL HARRET



CONTAINE IN TORIES	VILLEGE JD	PRÉV. PETER	OPERANG PRICE	CLOSTE: PROCE
Mar fark	340,840	189.900	187.900	144.900
Jürüm Kattoral Bank Bank of Jordani Klüdiz Ermi Leventrönt Hand. Zudümtela, döventröneri Bank Tur Kussing Bank Johalm Kindit Bank	324,343	3.100	4.050	7.920
SARE OF JORDAN	18,092	4.610	4.890	4.900
HIDRE THE INVESTMENT MAKE.	3, 290	2.400	2.360	2.300
LIVERTAL, DEVELOPMENT SAME	3,891	2.240	4.450	2.220
THE BUCKING WARE	59,791	3.160	6-850	5.950
POWDAY KUNAIT BANK	44,968	3.160	2.100	2.140
JURDAN GULF BANK JURDAN LELANCO BANK	54.091	2.220	2.200	2.160
SORDAN INLANCE MARK	1, 995	4.480	4.450	4.430
SCHOOL SALE			4.260	4.230
NEDAR INVESTMENT & FEMALE SAME	844	6.120		
MAGNE BREE POR INVESTMENT	12,366	9.610	9.910	9.910
PHILADEL FOR THEFTHER	77.348	2.000	1.990	1-990
CHOICE THE PARTY NAMED IN	12,366 27,348 30,655	3.400	3.900	
LORSTEN SEAS TRUMPANCE	24 477	7 600	2.550	
JOSPAN PRINCE TRANSPORT	0.110	2.000 2.400 3.900 2.460 2.130	2.120	
DETYMBRAL TREUMANCE	21.770	2.230	2.120	
COMPARISM MINISTERS POWER	14.770	2. 110	2.120	
CHAID DISTRICT SUCCESSIONS	16.073	1.400	1.450	1. 450
CONDAY MICTIGAL SETTING LINES	6,432	1.690	3.340	2.500
MANNE BREE FOR INVESTMENT BREE. WHOLE INVESTMENT BREE. WHOLE INVESTMENT BREE. WHOLE INVESTMENT WITHOUT SERVICE WHITHOUGH IN STREET WHOLE INSTRUCT WHITHOUGH IN STREET WHOLE INSTRUCT BLEET WHOLE INSTRUCT BREET WHOLE BREET WHOLE INSTRUCT BREET WHOLE INSTRUCT BREET WHOLE W	190	0.770	0.760	
CATIONAL POSTFOLIO SECURITIES	18,352	9.480	4.480	
PATRIA BUTTOMETERS & BOOLSHOWS LEASING	344	0.900	0.860	0.560
GENERAL ROOMS RESERVE & MAINTHOUSE	3,436	1-370	1.150	3.250
MITTED MINULE EAST & COMMODORE BOTHLE	11,245	2.290	2.140	2.090
MAS INTER, FOR INVESTMENT & ROUGHTION	24, 189	3.920	3,920	2.880
MAN DIVIN. FOR INVESTIGAT & ROCATION KTANDERS CORET. BENEFICAL SAMPACTURING BUT JOHNNE CHRIST FACTORIES CHRISM PROSPERTE NICHS INVESTIGATE PROSPER INVESTIGATE STATES	165	1-600	1.650	1.650
DOE JOHNAN CHART PACTORIES	45,362	2.940	2.930	2.900
CHURC PROSPERTE MINES	4, 220	2-900	2.900	2.900
THE ARRE POTAGE	11,000	44.000	55.000-	10.160
A PULL PELMINEUM REFINEET	2,500	10.100	10.050	10.160
THE INDUSTRIAL COMMERCIAL & AGRICULTURAL	1.020	6-900	6.900	6.900
ME JOHNAN MOREZED MILLS	15,660	13.100	13.000 7.800 4.220	13-100
NAR PRIMARUTICAL MANUPACTURING THE JOHNS PIPES MANUPACTURING SPINISHED & MANUE MATA LINGUISTICS	41,232	7.750	7.800	7.700
THE SCHOOL PIPES HANDFACTORIES	4,007	4.260	4.720	4.210
SATERIA S MANAGE	2.340	2750	2.660	2.720
AFTA INDUSTRIES	1,576	3.040	2.100	
MA M. David Characterists	144 000	0.330	0-190	
MAR THREE PARTY & THE PARTY TO THE PARTY THREE		3 780	2-120	2.120
Will by Character Techniques	140 877	4.700	1.650	
Comman slaves impostrine Ar al dana development a devestment Mars Huvestiger a descriptional trade Mals Ministry impostry Grenial Propositions	1.024	3,900	3.670	
COMMAN REDICAL COMPONENTON	1,435			
	3,000	9.000		
PRINCIPLE PRINCIPLE PRINCIPLE PRINCIPLES	4,000	2,000		
JUNEAU MOCKING INDUSTRIES	6,610 4,473	2.100		
SCHOOL THROUGHTEE & MATCH/TOPO	275	3.140		
JOHNAN MATERIAL MATER/JINCO JOHNAN PRICEST CONCRETE EMPIRENT MATIORIL CAMEE & WINE MARKYNCTURING	2.900	0.360	6.360	
DATICULAL CAME & WINE HANDINGTON	1,000	7.300	7,250	
JOHDAN BULPRO-CHENICAL	7.775	3.090	3.050	
	2,210	2.210	2,230	
SURPLIE FOR PRANTE & CHRISTALLS SURPLIE CO., FOR ACRE. & FOOD PROD.	14.004	0.430	0,190	
KANTEEN TEVESTHEET	538	2.300		2.150
WIVERSAL HODERS' IMPORTATES	11,220		6.250	5.150
The same of the sa	-4.220			
SEARC TOTAL	1.577.789		1.16	7.7

Markets

in co-operation with Cairo Amman Bank



Currency	New Yeak Close Ind 7/4/1994	New York Close Them 8/4/1994
Sterling Pound	1.4730	1.4768
Deutsche Mark	1.7170	1-7125
Swiss Franc	1.4473	1.4454
French Franc	5.8770	5.8655
Japanese Yen	104.90	105.26
European Current Cuit	1.1270	7.1298

Eurocurrency Interest R	1	Date: 9/4/1994			
Currency	I MTH	3 MTHS	6 MTHS	12 MTRS	
U.S. Dollar	3.5000	3.8125	4.1250	4.6875	
Sterling Pound	4.9375	5.0625	5.1875	5.5000	
Deutsche Mark	5.5625	5.4375	5.3750	5.2500	
Swiss Franc	4.0000	3.9375	3.8750	3.7500	
French Franc	6.0000	5.9375	5.8750	5.6725	
Јаравене Уел	2.0000	2.0000	2.0625	2.2500	
European Currency Unit	6.2500	6.1200	6.0600	6.0000	

intertuni, hid rates for annuals exceeding 1 .5, Dollars 1,000,000 pe equivalent,

Сигтелсу	Bid	Offer
U.S. Dollar	0.7050	0.7070
Sterling Pound	1.0391	1.0443
Deutsche Mark	0.4112	0.4133
Swiss Franc	0.4873	0.4897
French Franc	0.1201	0.1207
Japanese Ven	0.6690	0.6723
Dutch Guilder	0.3663	0.3681
Swedish Kronz	*****	****
Italiao Liro	0.0431	0.0433
Belgian Franc		16444

Deher Currencies		Date: 9/4/1994			
Currency		tsid	CHICT		
Bahraini Dinar		1.8540	1.8660		
Lebanese Lira	<u>. ` </u>	0-040575	0.041835		
Saudi Riyal	i	0.1877	0.1886		
Kowaiti Omar		2.3200	2.3550		
Qulari Riya/		0.1914	0.1923		
Egyptian Pound		0.1900	0.2100		
Omani Riyul		1.8100	1.8270		
UAF Dirbam		0.1914	0.1923		
Greek Drackma		0.7665	0.3245		
Cyprint Paged	}	1.2645	1.3985		

Algeria devalues dinar by 40 per cent

TUNIS (R) — Algeria devalued the dinar by 40.17 per ceot effective Sunday, the Algerian Central Bank said on Saturday.

The announcement, carried by Algeria's APS news agency monitored in Tunis, said the Central Bank set a rate of 36 dinars to the dollar against 25.41 dinars, the last recorded

The monetary and credit council, which agreed this measure, indicates that the move was taken in line with the

national economic programme launched by the Algerian aothorities," the statement said. The devaluation bad been

expected following conclusion of talks with the International Monetary Fund (IMF) for a stand by loan. Algerian officials have said

they plan to sign a letter of intention with the IMF for a \$800 million loan. One key issue has been over how much to devalue the dinar. The two sides were said to have reached a compromise agreement.

Opposition-led strike to DHAKA (R) — Bangladesh Finance Minister Saifur Rahman branded an opposition-led general strike called for Sunday as a "suicidal move" against the country's efforts to

won foreign and local invest-

"We will simply be bogged down... No foreign investors will come here. Local investors will also become suspicious about the investment climate." he said in a statement published in newspapers on Satur-

'This is a suicidal move to destroy the country's eco-

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Mr. Ahmed urged the opposition to call off the strike in the national interest but strike organisers refused, saying the government has left

Two of Bangladesh's main opposition parties, the Awami League led by Sheikh Hasina and the Jatiya Party of former President Hossain Mobammad Ershad, called for the full-day strike to protest against the death of three people at an anti-governmen; demonstration in the capital on Thursday.

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them no alternative.

Police denied opposition allegations they fired on some 15,000 league activists during a

protest outside the government secretariat and said the three deaths occurred in fighting between rival political activists.

About 60 people were also treated in hospitals, many for bullet wounds. The league, tacitly backed

by its former rival Jatiya Party. scheduled Sunday's strike to disrupt the laying of the foundation for the country's biggest bridge, which is heavily funded by overseas donors.

Mr. Rahman said the proposed strike might prevent donors' representatives from attending a ceremony at the

threaten investment bridge site far to the north of

> Government officials said Prime Minister Begum Khaleda Zia would fly to the site in a helicopter. Communications Minister Oli Ahmed said the government would go ahead with the foundation laying ceremony of the \$700 million bridge over the River Jamuna to link the capital to northern districts.

The World Bank, Asian Development Bank and Japan will each provide Bangladesh with \$200 million towards the

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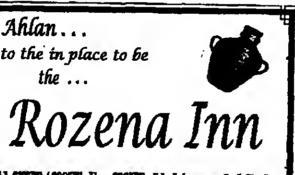
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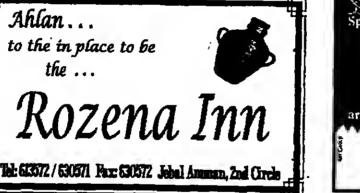
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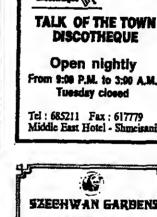
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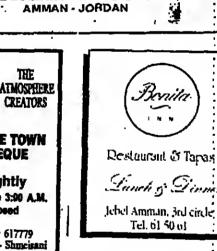
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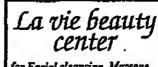
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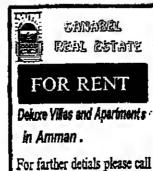
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Coalition o choose **Hosokawa** uccessor n a week

OKYO (R) - Japan's ruling valition, struggling to contain deepening division within its nks, decided Saturday to ve itself seven days to choose successor 10 outgoing Prime inister Morihiro Hosokawa. "We have agreed in princie to form a new government , the end of next week." ocialist Party Secretaryeneral Wataru Kubo told a :ws conference after the ght-member coalition met. Mr. Hosokawa stays on as retaker until parliament ects a new prime minister, w likely to take place by xt Saturday. Mr. Kubo said e coahtion aimed to re-open irliamentary debate on the ng-stailed state budget for 194/95 by April 18. The opposition Liberal

emocratic Party (LDP) said was lifting a four-week parmentary boycott it had aged to put pressure on Mr.

A spekesman for one of the alition parties, Hajime mada, predicted the new vernment would be tranional. "Given the time allowed to

, the new government will t be a full-fledged one and any cabinet members will obahly retain their posts," r. Funada said.

Mr. Hosokawa did not tend Saturday's meeting. nnouncing his resignation iday, he said it would be prudent for him to name a ccessor or take part in coaliin discussions.

The resignation of Mr. osokawa, Japan's self-proc-imed "Mr Clean", threw tional politics into ferment. Parties scrambled to find assible partners for what omises to be a complex pross of political realignment.
The conservative LDP's loss power last year after 38 ars of rule gave birth to three re of Mr. Hosokawa's coali-

But to ensure a majority ey had to co-opt other cenrties and, above all, the ftist-dominated Socialists ho had been in opposition for

In the eight months of Mr. osokawa's rule, only a hatred the LDP's old corrupt ways pt the alliance together. i Ironically for an avowed ati-corruption campaigner, it as Mr. Hosokawa's own hady personal finances that nally brought him low. He pld a Friday news conference e was quitting because he felt esponsible for a parliamentary leadlock sparked by a shady an affair which blocked pasage of the national budget. i Mr. Hosokawa said he had riscovered there were legal, uestions on his personal fund nanagement but refused to reical details.

! NHK: Television said Saturray the fund management ealt with about 80 million yen 3761,000 at 1994 rates) he prested with an illegal loan thank for a few years starting in

 Before going into Saturday's
 Salition meeting, Yuichi Ichirawa of the Buddhist-backed arty Komeito said the alliance rust first agree on a set of sudamental policies before hoosing Mr. Hosokawa's sucessor.

"Without a policy agreenent, it is impossible to keep ne current framework," Mr. chikawa, representing the nainstream within the coalion, told NHK.

"We must allow for policy

ifferences within any coalion," reported Mr. Kubo. The remarks of the two men nderlined the growing split rithin the coalition that first ame into the open in February hen Mr. Hosokawa mnounced a plan for a new alue-added tax, which he was ster forced to scrap.

O Mr. Ichikawa said issues at fi ake within the coalition inuded two huge foreign policy roblems: How to resolve a c itter U.S. trade dispute, and hat to do if the United Nali ons slaps economic sanctions n North Korea in an escalatig row over its suspected nuc-

ar weapons programme. e Mr. Ichikawa openly chalinged the Socialists, who have ose ties with North Korea's adership, to clarify their

"We have no problems with b 1a1. In fact, we are ideally laced to deal with the issue. ir. Kubo said.

S. African leaders fail to end constitutional row

JOHANNESBURG (AP) -Zulu nationalist leader Mangosuthu Buthelezi said Saturday his "incensed" followers would fight for autonomy, making clear he had been unable to reach agreement with the government and the ANC during talks the day before.

"Although we don't have an army or security forces... the people themselves here are our last line of defence, because the people themselves are incensed by what is being done to them," Mr. Buthelezi told reporters in Ulundi, capital of the Kwazulu hlack homeland he leads, during a break in meetings with his lnkalha Freedom Party (IFP).

Mr. Buthelezi was briefing the party's Central Committee on talks he held Friday with African National Congress (ANC) leader Nelson Mandela. President F.W. De Klerk and Zulu King Goodwill Zwe-

Mr. Mandela and Mr. De Klerk failed to persuade the Zulu nationalist leaders to join the April 26-28 election, the first in South Africa to include the black majority. The parties did agree 10 call in international mediators and proposed another meening next week in a bid 10 settle differences before the vote, just three weeks

In a statement Friday, the ANC said it had been "reliably informed" that Mr. Mandela and top aides Thabo Mbeki and Cyril Ramaphosa were the targets of an assassination plot. It also said Inkatha members were stockpiling arms in the Johannesburg area and would

marking the death of Chris Hani, an ANC and Communist Party leader who was shot by white rightists last April IO.

"Any attempts to disrupt our activities commemorating the life and work of comrade Chris Hani will be dealt with firmly," the ANC said. "We shall not allow the spoilers and wreckers to destroy South Africa's chances for free and

fair elections."
At least 11,000 blacks have died in political violence in the last three years, most of them in clashes linked to the ANC-Inkatha war. Bloodshed between supporters and opponents of the elections has ex-acerbated ANC-inkatha rivalries and threatens to disrupt

the polling.
Friday's unprecedented four-man summit was seen as a last chance to curb violence between Zulu supporters of the ANC and Inkatha, particularly in the eastern Natal province, Inkatha's stronghold.

Mr. Mandela, campaigning Saturday in northern South Africa, said the ANC had offered King Goodwill status similar to that of British monarchs.

"I am sorry His Majesty did not accept my offer. I had thought he would," Mr. Man-dela said. "We will continue prevailing upon him to accept the honour we are prepared to give him."

But the proposal fell well short of Zulu demands for a sovereign homeland, and King Goodwill said he had not chauged his mind ahout boycotting the vote. Mr. De Klerk, campaigning

in central South Africa. seemed resigned to a Zulu nationalist boycott.

"They are getting thinner and thinner because they won't eat." Mr. De Klerk said of Inkatha. "Political party food is to participate in elections and get votes. Bui Inkatha does not want votes and won't participate.

King Goodwill and Mr. Buthelezi oppose the elections. fearing that an expected ANC victory will trample Zulu culture. The ANC plans to abolish ethnic homelands such as the Kwazulu region within

Agreement on the Zulu king's status is considered key to the summit's success because most of the nation's 7.5 million Zulus consider him their paramount leader.

If the king accepted a cere-monial role, that could persuade Mr. Buthelezi to back down on his demand for an independent monarchy, raising the possibility of peaceful vot-

ing in Natal.

Rivalry between the ANC and Zulu nationalists has sparked fierce fighting across the country, but particularly in

Police in Natal said Saturday that 16 people died in political violence in Natal Thursday and Friday, bringing to 134 the number killed in hitter feuds since a state of emergency was declared in the province on March 31.

The summit was called after a Znlu march through downtown Johanneshurg sparked street battles on March 28 that killed at least 53 people, most of them Zulus.



surrounded with African National Congress lead-er Nelson Mandela (left) and Zulu King Goodwill

after talks aimed at bringing an end to the bloodshed in Natal (AFP photo)

Serbs breach Muslim lines in Gorazde

SARAJEVO (R) - Bosnian Serbs have stormed a hilltop overlooking the besieged Mus-lim town of Gorazde and cap-tured a "clear line of sight" fortank and artillery fire on its centre, the U.N. reported Saturday.

Peacekeepers' spokesman Rob Annink said the Serbs drove Muslim defenders off the I.000 metre high peak of the Gradina salient Friday under cover of a U.N. hrokered ceasefire.

The assault put the Serbs within four kilometres of the centre of Gorazde after almost two weeks of fighting in which at least 85 Muslims have been killed and around 400 wound-

Maj. Annink acknowledged it was a "major advance" but said U.N. commander General Sir Michael Rose stuck to his assessment that the Serbs would not try to capture the town which is supposed to be a U.N. protected safe haven.

"The Bosnian Serb army has the initiative and military dominance but we do not think Gorazde is under imminent threat of being taken because it is strongly defended and because we do not believe the Serbs actually want to take the town," the spokesman said. The U.N. previously doubted

the Serbs could capture the hill which it said was heavily defended by Bosnian government fighters among the 65,000 people trapped in the Gorazde

.The assault was made during Bosnia where they were a

a 24-hour ceasefire arranged by Gen. Rose with both sides while he tried to negotiate an overall truce in Bosnia between Serbs and Muslims.

Muslim forces still control the lower reaches of the Gradina heights but their positions were in jeopardy because Serbs now hold the peak.

The Serbs have taken part of it but that part makes the rest of it less defensible," Maj. Annink added. "The Bosnian Serh position is militarily dominant. They are strong."

Serb forces have captured 7.5 per cent of the Gorazde pocket in the latest fighting around Gorazde which they have besieged since Bosnia's civil war began two years ago.

The capture of the Gradina peak clearly embarrassed the U.N. and Gen. Rose protested to General Ratko Mladic, commander of the Bosuian Serb army.

Answering charges the Serbs deliberately exploited the ceasefire, Maj, Annink told reporters that word of it might not have reached frontline Serb troops "because it is very hard for both armies to communicate (quickly) to lower levels.

But he admitted that an op-eration on this scale would have required careful planning with the involvement of senior

The isolated euclaves of Gorazde, Srebrenica and Zepa are the last strongholds remaining to Muslims in eastern

majority of the pre-war population.
Serb forces laid siege to

them to try to force their inhabitants to leave as part of a campaign of ethnic cleansing which has left Serbs in sole control of all the other main towns in the region.

Despite the setback in Gorazde, Bosnian government army commander General Rasim Delic went to Sarajevo airport Saturday for fresh ceasefire talks with Gen. Rose and U.S. government representatives. Gen. Mladic was also due to take part.

U.N. sources said U.S. special envoy Charles Redmond wanted Gen. Delic and Gen. Mladic to agree to a two week ceasefire while he consulted all sides and European countries on the shape of an overall political settlement.

The Bosnian government does not want a ceasefire which would freeze frontlines in their present positions which give Serbs 70 per cent of Bosnia's territory, much of it cap-tured from Muslims,

Meanwhile, Croatia and its rebel Serbs moved a step closer to lasting peace Friday when their forces pulled back from the front line in compliance with their latest ceasefire agreement. Last week, Croat and Serb

representatives signed an accord marking a formal end of the 1991 Croatian war, in which Serbs captured one-third of Croatia.

belt, guaranteed to keep you toasty when cold winds hlow. PBS will not

City, which deals with gay themes, but denied this was due to conservative pressure. PBS screened Tales Of The City, produced by Britain's Channel 4 television, in January and had been discussing co-financing a six-hour miniseries sequel, More Tales Of The City, being planned by Channel 4. But PBS spokesman Harry Forbes said that PBS had decided against cofinancing the new series. He said the decision was taken for financial reasons and adamantly denied it was due to conservative pressure. "Clearly we aired the first one (series), and clearly we knew that those were the themes involved and we had no qualms about airing it...," he said. A report in the San Francisco Chronicle Friday quoted Armistead Maupin, the San Franciscobased author of the novels on which the series was based, as accusing PBS of "knuckling under to conservative pressures" by not financing the new series. It quoted him as saying this was especially so since the new series would deal with gay rights and Christian fundametalist opposition to homosexuality. The first series set in 1970s San Francisco brought PBS its highest ratings for a drama series in several years and won critical acclaim. But it caused some controversy because of mudity and its depiction of homosexual relationships and drug use. Rev Donald Wildmon, a vocal critic of liberal themes on television, urged members of his American Family Association to write their members of congress to protest the use of tax dollars for the show. "To imply that we're somehow running

NEWS IN BRIEF

Shuttle launched on second attempt

CAPE CANAVERAL, Fla. (R) — The space shuttle Endeavour lifted off from Florida one minute after sunrise Saturday with six NASA astronauts who will use radar to map some of the most environmentally delicate spots on Earth. Delayed two days — one for an engine inspection, one for bad weather, Endeavour rocketed away from the Kennedy Space Centre at 7:05 a.m. edt (1105 GMT) and climbed a pillar of smoke and flame into an orbit 138 miles (222 km) high, From that vantage point, five men and a woman intend to spend nine and possibly 10 days observing their home planet with cameras and a powerful set of radar eyes that can see through clouds, trees; ice and dry sand to gauge the health of the environment. In addition to the crew, Endeavour is carrying \$384 million worth of sophisticated radar equipment, an \$8 million air pollution monitor, 14 cameras and hundreds of rolls of film and videotape. The purpose of the 62nd shuttle mission is to see how the space radar laboratory works and determine whether it could be mounted on satellites for non-stop Earth observations in the future.

2 dead in Sri Lanka biasts

COLOMBO (AP) - Four separate bomb explosions, three of them in city hotels, killed at least two people and injured six others late Friday. Two of the explosions were in toilets of two five-star hotels — the Marriot and the Taj Samudara — in the city centre, causing slight damage but no injuries, a police official said Saturday, speaking on condition of anonymity. Parts of the entrance of the Hotel Sapphire were damaged by another bomb which was placed in a bar toilet. Five people, including two hotel employees, were injured in that explosion. The two killed were believed to be carrying the explosives, which went off accidentally on a railroad track at Mount Lavina, police said. A third man was also injured in the blast. The explosion at the railroad track was so severe that the limbs of the victims were scattered over 50 metres (165 feet). Mount Lavina is about 15 kilometres (9 miles) south of the city centre. Police said it was not immediately known who was responsible for the explosions, which occurred in the three hours before

Russian soldier heid after killing 4

MOSCOW (R) - A member of the Russian counterintelligence service was captured after he shot dead four people Saturday and took four more hostage, Interfax News Agency said. The dramatic incident, which further highlights discipline problems in Russia's armed forces, took place near the northern port of Murmansk. It erupted in the early hours when Dmitry Pulkin stole two Kalashnikov assault rifles and sprayed his barracks with gunfire. killing one sailor and wounding four more. He then commandeered a jeep and headed for the local village, killing along the way an officer, a soldier and the driver of a fire engine who all tried to stop him. Mr. Pulkin seized four hostages in the village and demanded vodka and cigarettes from negotiators sent to talk to him. He was captured after the hostages overpowered him. Meanwhile, Russian Information Agency said a 32-year-old Border Guards officer had blown himself up near the mayor's office in St. Petershurg because he had failed to get an apartment for his family. Major Vasily Suvorov, whose wife and two children were living in harracks, killed himself Thursday by setting off two detonators.

Groups siam Clinton on Haiti

NEW YORK (R) - Two human rights groups charged the Clinton administration with a failed policy on Haiti that has led to a "human rights disaster" and called on the president to dramatically change course. Human Rights Watch/Americas and the National Coalition For Haitian Refugees charged in a 52-page report that the president's special envoy on Haiti. Lawrence Pezzullo, has made constant concessions to the country's military rulers while undercutting ousted President Jean-Bertrand Aristide. They said the administration's policy has "tarnished Clinton's presidency" and led to a "political stalemate (that) has strengthened the army's hold on Haiti and prolonged its reign of terror." The report called on Mr. Clinton to drop Mr. Pezzullo and appoint a new special envoy to signal a change in policy and to halt its forcible repatriation of Haitian boat people. "Forcibly repatriating fleeing Haitians, without regard to their legitimate claims for asylum, violates internationally recognised principles of refugee protection," the report said. It also said that the Clinton administration, while more acrive than previous administrations in pushing for restoration of democracy in Haiti, "has failed to make respect for human rights a central component in

IRA truce ends violently

BELFAST (R) — The IRA attacked a Belfast police station Saturday, ending a rare truce which brought no obvious sign of moving Northern Ireland towards a lasting

But Gerry Adams, leader of the guerrillas' political wing Sum Fein, said he was optimistic the unilateral ceasefire had persuaded London he seriously wanted an end to 25 years of conflict. He hinted more traces

The Irish Republican Army (IRA) speedily showed they were back in business, saving they bombed a police barracks in North: Belfast 20 minutes after the 72-hour ceasefire officially ran out at midnight (2300 GMT Friday). No one was

Shots were also fired at two police checkpoints near the border with the Irish Republic but no one was hurt.

Up until the last minute protesters at a peace vigil in Dublin had pleaded for the truce to be prolonged.

China defuses rights problem with France SHANGHAI (R) — French Prime Minister Edouard Balladur Saturday accepted a

hurt, police said.

Sinn Fein had hinted that the ceasefire, the IRA's first for 19 vears barring Christmas gestures, would be lengthened if Britain used it to make contact and answer questions about a key Anglo-Irish peace declara-

Britain refused, saying it was standing by its December offer to give Sinn Fein a place at talks on Northern Ireland's future but only once the IRA gave up for good its protracted campaign to end British rule in the province.

dents appear to be contradicdefinition of arrest. Chinese assurance that dissidents had not been arrested,

defusing a potential human rights row that threatened to sour his visit to China. Mr. Balladur had demanded an explanation from Chinese authorities after reports that two promiueut Shaughai democracy activists had been

detained by police shortly before he arrived in Chiua's largest city. They assured us there has been no arrest of dissidents in Shanghai in the past hours," French Foreign Affairs Minis-

ter Alain Juppe told reporters. "The assurance given to us was formal and so we accepted that," be added.

Dissident sources told Reuters that Shanghai police Friday detained leading human rights activist Wang Fuchen and on Saturday picked up another dissident, Bao Ge. On Thursday Beijing police took away one of China's top

dissidents, Xu Wenli. Although the official Chinese version of events and accounts by friends and relatives of the two Shanghai dissitory, there is an explanation that binges on the technical An informed French source

said Chinese officials told Mr. Balladur that "the two men were detained for two hours and then freed." There was no independent confirmation that the two dissidents had been French officials stressed that

the problem was now completely solved and had done no lamage to Mr. Balladur's trip to China designed to patch up a row over French sales of advanced fighter jets to Taiwan. We are sure that there is no

desire to be provocative towards France," another French source said. "This answer shows that they don't want to put us in a situation which would have been untenable for us." Mr. Juppe told reporters:

"The answer of the Chinese anthorities, which is totally clear... allows us to continue this trip in the same climate as it began.

He said the assurance was given by China's Minister of Power Industry, Shi Dazhen,

who flew to Shanghai from Beijing with Mr. Balladur, a vice mayor of Shanghai and the Chinese ambassador to France Cai Fangbo. During his visit to Shanghai

Balladur met Chiuese and French husinessman, visited a hospital and strolled along the city's famous waterfront bund. He was scheduled to have dinner with the secretary of the

Shanghai Communist Party Wu Bangguo. On Saturday, a Chinese police spokesman confirmed that veteran Chinese democracy campaigner Xu, detained in Beijing during Mr. Balladur's stay in the capital, was being

interrogated for violating the

terms of his May 1993 parole

after 12 years in prison. "He violated the rules of his parole. He is being interro-gated by the Beijing Public Security Bureau," the spokesman said.

Mr. Xu's detention came less than one week after police seized Wei Jingsheng, the father of China's democracy movement, saying they were investigating "new crimes" he allegedly committed on parole after almost 15 years in prison.

Clinton mocks opposition efforts on health plan

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn (R) — President Bill Clinton has reiected as "a bunch of hooey" opposition efforts to portray his health care, reform plan as a government takeover of the U.S. health care system.

Mr. Clinton heatedly took issue with efforts by U.S. insurance companies and supporters of the current system. including some Republicans in Congress, to paint his plan as going too far to fix a problem they contend is not as serious as the president and his wife Hillary Rodham Cliuton would lead Americans to believe.

The president spoke at a televised "town hall" meeting at Minneapolis station KSTP and connected by satellite hookup to studio audiences in Detroit, Milwaukee and Sioux Falls, South Dakota. The meeting wound up an intense week for Mr. Clinton aimed at generating popular appeal for his reform effort.

Part of his anger appear directed at insurance sponsored televi

featuring characters "Harry and Louise" that have been effective in instilling fear in many Americans that his plan is too interventionist and unnecessary.

"I saw all those ads putting. out all that propaganda that this is politics, that it's just a power play and all that." Mr. Clinton said testily. He said opponents had no

right to question his motives while so many struggle when disabled people cannot get insurance. Older Americans choose between buying medicine and food every month. 100,000 people each month lose their insurance and farmers and small business owners pay higher prices for insurance than most people.

"I mean, this is a bunch of hooey. If people don't agree with me, let them come forward and contest me with their am sick... of all this

> etoric and all these ision ads and all

os from people who

are making a killing from the insurance business that we have today. It is wrong and we should change it," he said to a burst of applause from about 100 people in the studio audience.

In response to someone who asked if his plan was "really a health plan or a power grab," Mr. Clinton insisted he was not trying to place the U.S. system under bureaucratic control. "I don't plan to take over

the health care system. I don't plan to take over the health care system. I don't plan to run it," he said. Mr. Clinton was as fiery-

tongued earlier in the day at a campaign-style health care reform rally at which boosters waved signs saying "give em health, Bill." He urged people to pester Congress to do something now about health care

before it's too late.
"Tell the members of your congressional delegation, without regard to their party, that you want this dealt with and you want it now" Mr. Clinton

said. "The longer we put it off, the worse it's going to be. It's going to be like an ingrown toenail. It's not going to get better."

The president was trying to increase pressure on members of Congress to take advantage of what he calls the best chance in 60 years to reform the country's expensive health care system before members of Congress concentrate on campaigning for November midterm elections.

The next seven weeks running up to the Memorial Day recess are seen as the critical window of opportunity, when much of the important work on reshaping Mr. Clinton's proposals into a politically palatable form will be done at the committee level on Capitol Hill.

Mr. Clinton's bottom line on health care is that insurance be guaranteed for life to all Americans, including 39 million people now doing without. He is open to compromise on virtually all elements.

Blass, De La Renta, Rowley and Oldham show fall collection

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NEW YORK (AP) - Bill Blass and Oscar De La Renta each enjoy a reputation for stitching outfits destined for the best tables in the best restaurants. At their fall previews, the "ladies who lunch" look included bright, swingy wool coat-and-dress sets at Blass, and exotic paisley and faux cheetah ensemhies at De La Renta. Elsewhere on the runways Friday, Cynthia Rowley reaffirmed her knack for reinventing the familiar, with whimsical navy "search party dresses" inspired by the New York Police Department. Thursday night belonged to Todd Oldham, who staged a funky fashion free-for-all with everything from fuzzy argyle slip dresses to piled-on pat-terns in exuberant colours even faux monkey fur sleeves worthy of King Kong. At the Blass showing it was learned that Blass customers this fall will be wearing flared wool reversible coats in blazing colours with contrasting simple sheath dresses, black opaques and black suede heels. If they follow the rules of the Blass' runway, they'll also add three-cornered black hats. The collection also contained a generous helping of "Blass-isms," including lingerie looks (sexy little hlack dresses in crepe, lace, sequins or velvet), and sailor styles (brown tweed sailor trousers and dresses with matching jackets). Blass favours daytime fabrics for evening, such as dinner jackets cast in bright tweeds, and elegant pantsuits in gray wool plaid. De La Renta embarked on a mystical journey to the east that was suggested by spice-toned paisely coats with frog closures and Nehru collars. Opulence was the operative word, as De La Renta lavished on rich gold-reembroidered velvet gowns, dazzling sequinned boleros, and jackets trimmed with fake cheetah passementerie. Hop-ping on the fall mohair trend, Cynthia Rowley, conjured up fuzzy handkerchief-hem "baby hlanket" skirts with satin edges. An "electric blanket coat" came with cord-and-dial

finance sequel to drama

SAN FRANCISCO (R) ~

The Public Broadcasting Service (PBS) said it had decided not to co-finance a new television series of Tales. Of The scared because of Donald Wildmon is I think fairly ludicrous Mr. Forbes said. John Grant, PBS senior vice-president of programming said from Washington that PBS had never made a commitment to financing the new series. He said financial considerations and programming priorities were the main reasons PBS had decided not to finance the second

series. "We have extremely tight funding," he said.

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Soccer championship's 20th week characterised by extreme caution

By Aleen Bannayan Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Only twelve matches remain for the completion of the 1993 first division soccer championship whose title has already been secured for the second com-

secutive year by Al Faisali. The 20th week of action was characterised by the extreme caution of most teams trying to avoid defeats. Three matches ended in 1-1 draws with the only surprising result being lowly Sahah's 3-0 win over third placed Al Hussein.

Therefore, the top seven maintained their positions, while the only change was in 8-11 places in the 12 teams' standings.

In ooe of three matches held Friday, Al Jazireh scored a vital 2-0 win over Al Baqaa to equal Al Ramtha's 21 points and firmly hold on to the seventh position in considerable assurance of avoiding relegation in the case of the last

four teams. Al Jazireh's standing was the result of their strong comeback in the last quarter of the competition, during which they beat Al Qadissieh and Al Ahli and drew with Al Hussein and

Al Faisali. Similarly Al Baqaa surprised onlookers during the second leg in which they drew with Al Abli and beat Al Hussein and Fuheis. However, their latest defeats may prove to be very costly unless they win their last

Both Al Jazireh and Al Baqaa played a fast attacking game from the outset of the match at Salt Stadium.

Al Jazireh scored both goals. from headers by striker Simon George in the 52nd and 63rd minutes, as Al Baqaa's Khaled Faleh seemed to be having a bad day after two shots hit the post ending the match with a significant win for Al Jazireh. Meanwhile, Al Ahli and Al Wihdat, both vying for the second place spot, settled for a 1-1 draw at Amman International Stadium.

Both teams, now in second and fourth places, could not possibly contemplate defeat... lating, serious game in which Al Ahli's goalkeeper Mohammad Abu Daoud and Al Wihdat's rising star Ali Juma' kept fans attentive and involved throughout the match.

Juma' was instrumental in assisting teammate Hisham Abdul Mun'em score in the 14th minute. However, Al

Wihdat's celebrations could not last long as Imad Fataftah earned a free kick a minute later from which he scored Al Ahli's equaliser.

Al Ahli's striker Amer Wali could not do much in the absence of fellow striker Nart Yadaj who was serving a sus-

Both Al Ahli's Husam Hammash and Wali, and Al Wihdat's Ibrahim Sa'diyeh lost some serious scoring chances in the second half.

In Friday's third match. Sahah stunned Al Hussein 3-0 to move to 10th place, while Al Hussein remained in third

While being the only team to beat Al Faisali, Al Hussein had also been upset 2-0 by Al Baqaa. Sahab scored all three goals in the first half.

Striker Mohammad Al Ashhab stunned Al Hussein when he netted in the first goal from a free kick in the 11th

Despite Al Hussein's efforts to closely guard their oppo-nents. Sahah took advantage of a loose defence to score their second goal hy Ghaleb Raji in the 23rd minute.

Al Ashhah ended his team's scoring spree when he added the third goal in the 40th mi-

Despite the win, Sahah remain in a difficult position and will face Al Faisali in the upcoming week.

Al Qadissieh and Al Ramtha remained in 5th and 6th places after their 1-1 draw at Al Hassan Stadium in Irbid. Al Qadissieh, who had

maintained an unbeaten record throughout the second leg until their loss to Al Jazireh last week, stunned Al Ramtha by a goal from Ra'd Al Momani inthe 4th minute.

Khaled Abdul Fattah, Al Qadissieh's veteran goalie, averted all equalising attempts by Al Ramtha during the first

Mazen Shahin and Mustafa Adam led Al Qadissieh's attacks, while Al Ramtha could not score and lacked accurate finishing.

Al Ramtha were saved when Mohammad Al Kha'zali equalised from a penalty kick in the

95th minute. Meanwhile, Al Faisali scored another big win when they beat Al Yarmouk 4-0. The titleholders were on an

all out attack against bottomof-the-league Yarmouk, as Al Faisali's Jamal Ahu Abed, Sohhi Suleiman and Mousa Awad insisted on giving teammate Jiryes Tadros all chances to score and secure the title of

However, it was Suleiman who scored first in the 39th

Al Yarmouk was able to threaten Al Faisali's goal only twice throughoot match, as the Kingdom's soccer champions took total control of the match. Although Tadros lost two

scoring chances at the beginning half, he successfully scored the second and third goals in the 53rd and 63rd minutes to tie with the championship's top scorer Adam of Al Qadissieh with 14 goals.

Al Faisali's final goal came from Joseph Hattar in the 89th minute. In another match, Fuheis

and Arahi were held to a 1-1 draw that did not help both teams much in their struggle to avoid relegation.

Mohammad Alawneh scored first for Al Arabi in the 25th minute as Al Arabi had the chance to score again and secure a win hut lacked concen-Al Fuheis managed to score

their equaliser by Wa'ed Suweis in the 62nd minute. Both teams have tough matches ahead as Al Fuheis take on Al Ramtha while Al Arabi meeting Al Abli when the 21st week of the competition opens Thursday.

STANDINGS AFTER 20TH WEEK

P	W	D	GD	L	GF	GA	Pts.
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	9	5	2	4	23	1g · ·	- 39
	g	5	2	5	28	20	36.
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	6	6	3	5	30	24	33
	8	3	1	g	30	26	31
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	7	2	2	9	1g	29	27
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Japan, Korea could co-host World Cup

KUALA LUMPUR (R) Bitter soccer rivals Japan and South Korea could wind up as co-hosts for the 2002 World Cup finals. Asian Foothall Confederation (AFC). General-Secretary Peter Velappan said Friday. FIFA President Joao Havelange is giving "serious consideration" to allowing two countries to iointly host the finals for the

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FIFA meeting in Zurich this week.

A task force will be set up to examine the idea after FIFA's June congress in Chicago ahead of the World Cup finals in the United States.

"It will study the financial implications and other issues,"

first time, Velappan said at Velappan said. "This is a prop-AFC headquarters in Kuala osal that he (Havelange) is giving serious consideration to." Japan and South Korea Lumpur after returning from a

are waging an increasingly hitter contest to become the first Asian nation to host the finals in 2002. Havelange, who has

said he wants to stage the 2002 finals in Asia, earlier this week floated the idea of expanding the finals to 32 teams from the



The jockey of Nick the Brief, T. Byrne, makes for cover as another jockey in the Foxhunters Steeplechase comes crashing over as the Aintree fences take their toll on Friday (AFP photo)

Miinnehoma wins **Britain's Grand National**

LIVERPOOL, England (AP) - Miinnehoma, a 16-1 shot ridden by Richard Dunwoody. held off a strong challenge from Just So in the straight to win a trouhle-free Grand National steeplechase Satur-

Only six of the 36 starters finished the gruelling 41/2 mile (7.2 kilometre) race at Aintree. The 30 others either fell at the fearsome fences or were pulled up on the abnormally heavy ground.

Moorcroft Boy, the 5-1 favourite, came home third and Ebony Jane, which ran in the Irish Grand National Tuesday, was fourth.

Fiddlers Pike, ridden by 51 year-old Rosemary Henderson, was fifth and last to finish was Roc de Prince. French-trained The Fellow,

which won the Cheltenham

Gold Cup last month, fell at the 22nd fence while in cootention for the lead. Going to the last, Minnehoma and Just So were hampered hy a riderless horse, Young

Hustler, which veered in front

But they both stayed up and battled to the finish line. Just So appeared to be getting up to draw level with Dunwoody's gelding but Mimnehoma held on to win hy 11/4

It was Dunwoody's second triumph in the world's most famous steeplechase, which was watched from the stands hy 55,000 spectators with a worldwide audience of 350 million watching on TV.

"I can't believe it." Dunwoody said. "It's the second I've won but it's a dream come true again. When you win, you think that's it, you think you'll

never win another one."
The £116,000 (\$175,000), which was declared void last year after two false starts, went ahead despite fears about security and the weather.

Animal rights demonstrators threatened to invade Aintree with 2,000 activists and disrupt or stop the race. Security officials even feared an attack from the air by parachutist protestors but there were no major incidents during the

Denver Nuggets tighten grip on playoff spot

LOS ANGELES (R) - Brian Williams and Robert Pack sparked a fourth-quarter rally, helping the Denver Nuggets. tighten their grip on the eighth and final playoff spot in the Western Conference with a 112-99 triumph over the

Lakers. second straight following a four-game losing streak, opened a four-game lead over the revitalised Lakers with nine games to play.

Vlade Divac poured in a career-high 33 points and James Worthy netted 21 off the bench for Los Angeles, which lost for just the fifth time in its last 17 games and fell to 5-2 since Magic Johnson took over as head coach.

At Indiana, Scottie Pippen scored 21 points, including a tie-breaking 3-pointer with 42 seconds remaining, helping the Chicago Bulls rally past the Pacers 100-94.

The Bulls, who ended the game with 12-2 surge, reached the 50-win plateau for the fifth

straight season

Chicago also has won eight straight games et-Indiana and has not lost at Market Square Arena since March 16, 1990. The Bulls, who have won six

straight games, moved within one game of Atlanta for the top spot in the central division. New Jersey for the seventh playoff spot in the Eastern Conference, a full game behind the Miami Heat.

In Charlotte, Alonzo Mourning scored 19 points before joining the other starters on the bench, as the Hornets kept their slim playoff hopes alive with a 99-78 trouncing of the New Jersey Nets. Larry Johnson added 17

points and 10 reboonds for the Hornets, who moved within 41/2 games of New Jersey for the final playoff spot in the Eastern Conference. Charlotte has nine games

left. New Jersey has eight.
In Sacramento, Mitch Richmiond scored 33 points to lead the Kings to a 104-101 win over the Phoenix Suns.

Chang to face Sampras in final of Japan Open

TOKYO (R) — Michael Chang pulled off an impressive victory over Boris Becker Saturday to set up an all-American final against top seed Pete Sampras in the Japan Open men's tennis championship

Second seed Chang delight-ed his huge throng of vociferous Japanese fans as he outpaced the third-seeded German 7-6 6-2 in a battle of contrasting styles on the sundrenched centre court.

World number one Sampras wasted little time and effort hlasting aside eleventh seed Henrik Holm of Sweden 6-2 6-1 in a mere 47 minutes. The defeoding champion, fresh from victory in the Osaka

Salem Open last week, extended his winning streak to 20 matches and is on course for his sixth title of 1994.

"Things are looking really positive. It's been a pretty good run for me these last three to four weeks. I just hope I can continue it until tomorrow's match," Sampras said.

the last three Grand Slams was in devastatiog form. He pounded in a high percentage of first serves to hold serve easily throughout and returned consistently and aggressively to break Holm twice in each set.

Chang's win was sweet revenge. The stocky Chinese-American had succumbed to the tall Becker's serve-andvolley game in their only previous two meetings.

"Whenever you're able to beat Becker, it's a good win aoywhere," Chaog said.
"Boris has a certain amount of respect from all the players due to the way he presents himself off and on court."

The world oumber eight served consistently well, but attributed his win to his return of serve which stopped Becker storming to the net and let him dictate points from the base-

"Boris was having a tough time holding his serve, which gave me more confidence to go out and swing away," Chang

In the third game of the second set, Becker was stretched to seven dences on his serve. and failed to convert seven

game points. "He came up with incredible shots and that game is where the match was decided," Becker said.

"When it's cold the whole game is much slower, and that doesn't favour the serve-andvolleyer."

Chang played a cunning catand-mouse game, tempting Becker to the net then lobbing him with uncanny accuracy and frequencey.

"When you play the bigger boys, you have to be able to loh and mix it up with passing

shots," Chang said. In Sunday's final, he faces a formidable challenge from Sampras, whom he first played. at the age of seven.

"I have no pressure, nothing to lose, so it makes it easier for me to just swing away and give it my all," Chang said.

Navratilova wins in quarters of Amelia Island tournament

 Martina Navratilova continued her impressive showing in the Bausch Lomb Championships, beating 18-year-old Chanda Ruhin in straight sets Friday in the quarterfinals of the \$400,000 clay-court tennis tournament.

Navratilova's 6-3, 6-2 victory sends her into the semifinals against top seed Arantxa Sanchez Vicario, who dominated No. 10 Sabine Hack 6-1, 6-2 in a night match.

Gabriela Sabatini, the fourth seed, defeated No. 7 Mary Pierce 6-4, 6-3, and No. 6 Lindsay Davenport eliminated No. 2 Conchita Martinez 4-6, 6-4, 7-6 in other quarterfinals at Amelia Island Plantation.

This is the 37-year-old Nav-

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Florida tournament and she is making the most of it after losing the opening match in her previous two events.

She has not lost a set in three

matches here, yet shrugged off the suggestion that she is hardly been challenged in victories over Rubin, Veronika Mar-timek and Silke Frankl. "I just got beat twice in the

first round, so don't talk to me. about challenges," said Navra-tilova, a three-time winner at Amelia Island, including her last Florida title in 1988.

"Sometimes I feel like I'm 37. Sometimes I feel like I'm feel like I'm 80." Davenport is just 17, and her upset of Martinez, the world's ..

third-ranked player and a claycourt specialist, was one of the biggest of her career. Up 6-4 in the tiebreaker, she squandered two match points before putting Martinez away 8-6 with a backhand down the line.

"It's really exciting to beat her, especially on this surface," Davenport, ranked 13th, said. "She's No. 3 and obviously one of the best claycourt players. I tried to keep her on the run and not let her dictate the points."

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INVITATION FOR BIDS

The Government of the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan (HKJ) has received a loan from the World Bank in various currencies towards the cost of the National Urban Development Project (UDP3) loan No. 2841 - JORDAN at the Housing and Urban Development Corporation (HUDC) and it is intended that part of the proceeds of this loan will be applied to eligible payments under the contract for which this IFB is issued.

. Housing and Urban Development Corporation (HUDC) now invites sealed bids from eligible bidders for the supply, delivery, full installation and on site successful operation locally and remotely of the following computer

- Application software development of Management Information System (MIS) for the functions of the HUDC, including accounting, personnel management, site development and sales operations, and administration; and - Commissioning and testing of all application systems and training HUDC staff in the operation and maintenance of the systems.

Interested eligible bidders may obtain further information from and inspect the bidding documents at the tendering division of HUDC, at the following address:

Housing and Urban Development Corporation Tendering Division. Marks Office P.O. Box 2110,927198 Amman, Jordan Fax no. 962-6-883197 Tel. no. 962-6-899361

A complete set of bidding documents may be purchased by any interested eligible bidder on submission of a written application to the above and upon payment of a non-refundable fee of: JD 50 (Fifty Jordanian Dinars).

This tender will be a two-stage bidding procedure as follows: The first stage bid will consist of a technical bid only, without any reference to prices, and a list of any deviations to the commercial and contractual conditions set forth in the bidding documents a bidder wishes to take and a justification therefore. The second stage bid will consist of (a) a revised lechnical bid incorporating all changes required by the purchases to bring the technical bid up to an acceptable level, or necessary to reflect any amendment to the bidding documents issued subsequent to submission of the first stage bid, and (b) the commer-

All first stage technical bids must be delivered to the offices of HUDC not later than 12:00 noon on MAY 28, 1994 and will be opened immediately thereafter in public in the presence of the biddars' representative who choose

Eng. Yousef Hiasat Director General

GOREN BRIDGE WITH OMAR SHARIF & TANNAH HIRSCH

LOSE THE RIGHT TRICK was unable to bid no trump. After cue-bidding to show slam interest, North could not do more than bid Both vulnerable. South deals. five diamonds because there was no guarantee that South held good

guarantee that South had good trumps. With a reasonable suit, South proceeded to slam.

Declarer won the spade lead in dumny and led the jack of disnummy and ted the jack in the monds, covered by the queen and king. Since 12 tricks were assured if trumps broke 3-2, declarer drew a second trump. When East showed out, the contract was in grave dan-ger. Declarer ruffed a spade on the table and started to run clubs. Al-though South could discard a spade when East ruffed the third club, there was no way to get to the board to cash the good clubs. Declarer re-ceived a slice of luck when the king of hearts was onside, so the contract went down nuly one trick.
Let's go back to trick two, when

Pass Pass East covered the jack of dis Opening lead: Four of 🛊 lead from dummy, and see what would happen if South allowed East to hold the trick! When West fol-On many hands, success or failure depends on trump control. To illus-trate what we mean, here's an object The bidding is not without interest. South had no good bid nn the third round of the auction. While sured. Best is for East to shift to a heart. Declarer rises with the ace, ruffs a spade in dummy and then daws trumps and runs clubs. In all, two spades might have been a suit, the main inference that could be South scores four trumps, a ruff, the major-suit aces and five clubs—12 drawn from that call was that South

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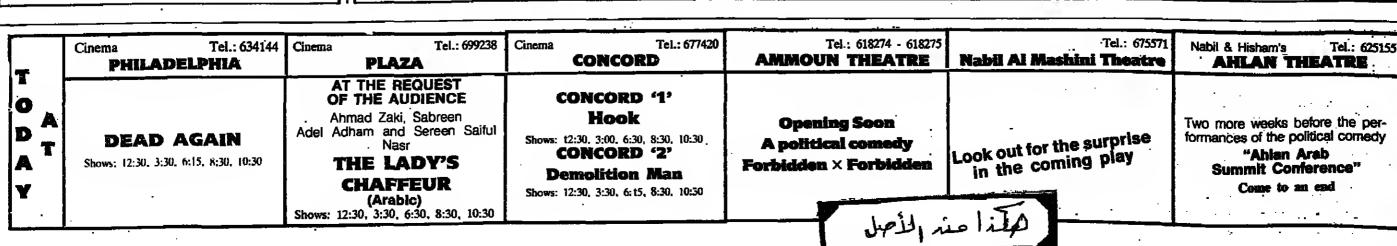
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World Cup

top tenors

concert to reunite

NEW YORK (R) — Get ready

for an encore performance that

might set world records for

audiences and hoopla. The

world's three most famous

tenors - Jose Carreras, Placi-

do Domingo and Luciano

Pavarotti - said Friday they

were reuniting in their first

joint concert in four years to

provide operatic fireworks on

the eve of the World Cup

soccer final. Organisers said they expected a billion people

around the world to tune in on

July 16 concert at Dodger Sta-dium in Los Angeles, plus mil-

lions more to buy the subse-

quent recording and video. They also

vowed to turn the 56,000 seat

baseball stadium into a lush

neo-classical setting for the

concert with plans to build two

waterfalls and erect 20 Greek

columns as a stage set. Orga-

nisers said tickets price from

\$15 to \$150 had already sold

out but that others were avail-

able for between \$300 and

\$1,000 each. The Warner

Music Group has exclusive TV

and radio broadcast rights

along with video and recording

rights. The World Cup final will follow on July 17 at the

Rose Bowl in Pasadena. Zubin

Mehta will conduct the Los

Angeles Philharmonic for the

concert with a chorus of 60

voices and instead of an inter-

mission there will be a dance

tribute to Gene Kelly who will

help direct a recreation of the

dance sequences from his hit

film An American In Paris.

The last time Carreras,

Domingo and Pavarotti got

together for a concert, it was at

the Baths of Caracalla in Rome

on the eve of the Rome World

either radio or television to the

530 530

7.1 p.c.

Security Council retains sanctions against Libya

UNITED NATIONS (Agenturning over suspects in the

changing the council regime,' Keating of New Zealand, told

The council's review takes place every 120 days on the zir traffic.

people died.
. The council in April 1992 began to impose sanctions against Libya for not handing wer the two for trial in the

Libya must also satisfy deands of a French magistrate investigating the mid-flight bombing of France's UTA hight 772 over Niger in 1989 in

Tripoli recently proposed that Scottish judges go to the Netherlands and try the suspects there. But both Britain and the United States rejected this and Britain gave its reasons to council members at

dor, Stephen Gomersall, called the proposals "an excuse for further delay in complying with the demands of the Security Council," according to a stateent distributed later.

muinely committed to snr-

Mr. Gomersall said that a impractical "even if it were possible to find a third country prepared to host such a trial. He said legislation would be required in Britain as well as the third country. In addition, measures would be needed to assure witnesses attended and to transfer and hold the prison-

The United States has pressed for the extradition of the Libyan pair to be tried in a U.S. or British court.

The 15-nation council decided informally to continue sanctions. No vote was taken.

Libya lashed out at the West on Saturday for renewing the sanctions, saying Western dominance of the United Nations threatens mankind's fu-

A commentary distributed by the official agency JANA said the world is following the United States, Britain and France to "misery, poverty and injustice."

Lamenting U.S., British and French influence particularly over the Security Council.

JANA expressed Libya's sorrow "over the loss of the legitimate rights of our nation and all other nations... and peo-

But the commentary went

on:
"Sorrow alone is not enough to express the danger threatening all mankind... being led by Western nations to more misery, poverty and injustice. If man cannot rid itself of the Western dominance and persistent aggression, man's fu-ture will be in great doubt."

The article was attributed to JANA's international affairs editor. But it is believed that the agency's top commentators on political affairs speak directly for the regime.

In a separate report, JANA said Saturday that China, a permanent Security Council member, and Nigeria, speak-mg on behalf of the Non-Aligned Movement, supported an Arab League proposal for the trial of the two suspects at the World Court in the Hague.

As a permanent member, China can veto the sanctions any time they come up for renewal. Its failure even to call for a vote on the issue this time indicated at least tacit support for keeping them in place.

Prince Hassan says education should serve country's goal of industrial growth

GHOR AL SAFI (Petra) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan Saturday said the educational process should be geared towards serving Jordan's goals in expanding the industrial sector.

Speaking to reporters at the Arab Potash Company at the conclusion of a tour of the Karak Governorate, Prince Hassan called for focusing on vocational and technical education.

He said the educational process will be discussed next August at "the science week," ahead of formulating legislations that would strike a balance between the educational process and society's needs of various professions. This

ISLAMABAD (R) — U.S.

Deputy Secretary of State Strobe Talbott said he held

good talks on Saturday on cap-

ping Pakistan's nuclear prog-

ramme but admitted that much

work still remained to be done.

into opposition from both In-

dia and Pakistan in this week's

initiative in Islamahad and

New Delhi to dampen what

Washington sees as the possi-

bility of a nuclear war over the

neighbours' disputed state of

"I would not say we came

here to convince or persuade

but to discuss an extremely

complicated subject ... to cap,

reduce and then eliminate

weapons of mass destruction

and hallistie missiles from

South Asia," Mr. Talbot told a

"There needs to be a lot

more discussion and work on

bow best to achieve this goal."

He said be bad not expected

to make swift progress with the

initiative that includes a U.S.

offer to go ahead with the

WASHINGTON (USIA) — The declaration of principles signed by Israel and the Pales-

tine Liberation Organisation

(PLO) has not yet ushered in a

new "golden era" in the Mid-

dle East, as some would like to

The panel explored the pros-

pects for an Arab-Israeli peace

during Thursday discussion sponsored by The Heritage Foundation, a Washington-

based public policy research

The panelists included:

Robert Satioff, director of the

Washington Institute for Near

East Policy; Daniel Pipes, director of The Middle East

Forum; and Peter Rodman,

director of Middle East Studies

at the Centre for Strategic and

Stating at the outset that he

is pessimistic about the pros-

pects for peace in the region,

Mr. Pipes declared that in his

view the "new Middle East has

not come into existence," and

contrary to conventional wis-

dom, 'is not on a verge of a

"Severe problems" plague the region, Pipes said — the

rise of fundamentalist Islam,

declining economies, and the

existence of "rogue states" in

On religious fundamental-

ism, Mr. Pipes said the conflict

taking place in Algeria be-

the region.

International Studies.

U.S. academic experts.

institute.

gwan

news conference.

Kashmir.

But diplomats said he ran

would support the developmeet process and consequently would curh unemployment among holders of degrees in certain fields, he said.

Prince Hassan said more than 1,000 job opportunities would be created in south Jordan once an investment company, which will run eight projects, is established. In later stages, be said, more jobs would be created by these projects, which will include food processing, plaster, spare parts and tourism industries.

Calling for more planning and more coordination among various institutions and sectors, Prince Hassan urged local councils and government and private institutions to coordin-

delayed sale of F-16 fighter

planes to Pakistan if it caps its

nuclear arms programme.
"My hope is that we have

laid a conceptual basis," he

said. "I have just completed a

very good day of talks here with the prime minister, presi-

He declined to say if Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto had

opposed the offer in their

lunch meeting. Ms. Bhutto said on Thursday Pakistan

would never roll back its prog-

ramme because this would

leare Islamabad vulnerable to

"We are not asking for a

rollback hut are suggesting a verifiable cap," Mr. Talbott

Pakistani diplomats had said

they would raise a list of about

30 questions in Saturday morn-

ing's talks hot said they ex-

pected little or no progress

attained a nuclear capability

but says a political decision has

been taken not to manufacture

tween government and Islamic

forces is the "key issue" in the Middle East today: "There is a

civil war in the making. If the fundamentalists prevail, there

is a likelihood of Algeria be-

coming engaged in Middle

Iran." Mr. Pipes warned that

this would in turn shift "the

balance in the whole of the

As a result, "the context in

which the peace process is tak-

ing place is a negative one," Mr. Pipes concluded.

Assessing the current status of the Middle East peace negotiations, Mr. Satloff said there

is "a growing scuse of dissatis-

Israelis, he said, now sense

that the agreement with the

PLO "is not the peace to end

all wars." The enthusiasm for

the agreement among the

Palestinians, too, is waning,

In fact, Mr. Satioff argued, the Fatch faction of the PLO

has never really actively sup-ported the accord: 'There is a

strain within Fateh that re-

mains allergic to Oslo." (The

PLO-Israel declaration of prin-

ciples was negotiated during secret talks in Oslo, Norway,

and later signed in public, on

the White House lawn, on

Fatch, he said, "is apologe-

tic rather than assertive" about

championing the accord and

September 13, 1993).

faction inside Israel."

Mr. Satloff said.

Middle East."

MITICS along the lines of

'No new Mideast after' Israel-PLO agreement

Islamabad maintains it has

arch-foe 'lew Delhi.

from the meetings.

dent and foreign minister.

ate their works so as to serve the comprehensive development process.

He said studies were under way to establish Al Wala, Al Mujib and Al Hassa dams, which once finished, east and sooth Jordan will bave a network of dams that would meet all the area's needs of water.

Prince Hassan started his tour in the southern Jordan Valley area where he visited several farms in the Karak Governorate and was briefed on their demands and needs.

The Crown Prince also attended a meeting of Ghor Al Safi municipal council in the presence of Interior Minister Salameh Hammad, Water and

In New Delhi, where Mr.

Talbott beld three days of

talks, a senior Indian diplomat

said India opposed the U.S.

proposal to supply 38 F-16s to Pakistan, adding that Washing-

ton appeared to have a tilt

The Clinton administration

has proposed the deal on the

condition Islamabad limits the

production of fissile material

for nuclear weapons and allows

Pakistan has paid for most of

the 71 fighter jets but none has

been delivered since Washing-

ton halted all military and new

ecocomie aid in 1990, when

then-President George Bush failed to certify to Coogress that Pakistan did oot have a

Foreign office hawks echoed

senior military officers, saying

there was little chance of Isla-

mabad going for the comprom-

ise deal and that Pakistan

could purchase similar planes

elsewbere - although at a far

this has "opened up a vacuum

in the (occupied) territories

and allowed Hamas and other

opposition groups inroads on

terrorism and political in-

Once the Israeli forces with-

draw, Mr. Satloff predicted

"frenzied chaos" in Gaza and

Jericho, and "more Baruch

Goldsteins and suicide car

bombers," referring to the Jewish settler who killed 29

Muslim worshippers in Hebron

in February and the recent car

bombing in Afula by an Arab

terrorist that left eight Israelis

Yitzhak Rabin publicly conde-mned Baruch Goldstein, while

PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat

thus far has not condemned

those claiming responsibility for the car bombing, Mr. Sat-

loff said that as long as this is the case, "the new Middle East

Mr. Satloff ironically sug-

gested that Mr. Arafat may

actually benefit from "control-

Mr. Arafat may fear that a

very orderly interim period of

self-rule would convince the

Israelis to postpone final status

negotiations, he said. With

Controlled chaos," Mr. Ara-

fat has more to bargain with

and could therefore press for

these negotiations sooner

rather than later, Mr. Satloff

is far away."

led chaos."

Noting that Prime Minister

roads."

nuclear device.

international verification.

towards Islamabad.

nuclear weapons.

Lingation Minister Hisham Al Khatib, Minister of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment Ahmad Al Agaileh, the Karak Governorate representatives at Upper and Lower Houses of Parliament, Karak Governor Khalaf Al Mahasneh and other officials.

Later, Prince Hassan visited Gbor Al Safi hospital and the Arab Potash Company.

He also visited Mu'ta University, Al Hussein Secondary Vocational School and opened the Karak Municipality Cultural Centre. The JD 1,800,000 centre, which was established over an area of five dunums. will be serving all citizens in the Karak Governorate.

Talbott makes little Indo-Pak headway

reject the initiative. Pakistan bas stopped its latest payment, saying the F-16s must be delivered or the

F-16s if Pakistan continued to

Ms. Bbutto said on Thurs-day the stand of Pakistani officials in talks with Mr. Talbott would be to call on the United States to adopt a more evenhanded approach and not to link the F-16 sales to Islama-

Pakistan says it is ready to signs at the same time.

India, which has explodes a nuclear device, denies con-structing bombs but believes

Relations between India and Pakistan have soured further since a rebellion erupted four years ago in the Indian-ruled two-thirds of Kashmir, over which the neighbours have fought two of their three wars.

Mr. Rodman said that

although he shares in his col-

leagues' "skeptical spirit," he

"is more sanguine about the

present agreement" between

Palestiman moderates have

proven thus far that they can

withstand pressures and

threats to the peace process,

Mr. Rodman said. Last week's

agreement signed by the PLO

and Israel in Cairo to put

international forces in Hebron

supports this thesis, he said.

States and its friends in the

region have an interest in an

implementation of the declara-

tion of principles "that works."

that Arafat's commitment to

coexistence with Israel has

some benefits for the Palesti-

What the United States is

"hoping to see is most Arabs

with us and Israel trying to

confront threats coming from

different directions," he said.

'Completing the declaration of

principles is essential to thi-

s...(It) will diffuse the Palesti-

nian issue and... diffuse many

of the international pressures

on Israel and the United

Improving the lives of the

Palestinian people will also help "to mitigate some press-

ures on the moderate Arabs,"

Mr. Rodman concluded.

States."

nian people," he said.

"We have a stake in showing

He stressed that the United

Israel and the PLO.

Mr. Talbott declined to say what would be the fate of the

money returned.

bad's nuclear programme.

sign the nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty if India

Pakistan has already done so.

Jackson: **Violence** underlines need for quick peace

AFULA (AP) — Chutching the hands of Israelis wounded in a car-bombing, the Rev. Jesse Jackson uttered a prayer Saturday for their recovery and said the attack underscored a need to quicken Mideast peace

Mr. Jackson took the twohour drive to Afula in Northern Galilee, despite the ten-sions there since Wednesday's attack in which seven Israelis were killed by a Palestinian snieide bomber avenging February's Hebron mosque

He stayed away from the bus stop in the centre of town where the attack occurred, although organisers said earlier that would be included in the trip. At the site, 15 protesters stood with signs. "Rabin and the government won't cleanse their hands of this blood," "they are killing us, where is the government," they read.

Mr. Jackson made the rounds at Haemek Hospital where 10 of those wounded are still being treated for severe burns. He was warmly received.

Nazem Hussein, 60, an Israeli Arab from the town of Nazareth, was moved to tears by Mr. Jackson's appearance at his bedside.

Mr. Jackson and his wife Jackie held hands with Mr. Hussein and relatives. "Bless this brother, heal his body, we pray this his suffering will not be in vain," Mr. Jackson intoned.

"Give us the strength to stop the violence, to stop the terror, to save the people and to live Mr. Jackson also said

prayers with relatives of Maytal Yona, 12, whose face was covered with bandages. "Bless this, our child, and let

healing visit her," Mr. Jackson prayed. He whispered to ber, "I love you," before leaving the room, and told reporters that they would remain 'prayer partners' and exchange letters, "My family and my children are going to pray or her." Mr. Jackson said

Maytal's father Yoel said he was grateful for Mr. Jackson's

Mr. Jackson told reporters that the Israel-Palestine Liberation Organisation peace agreement signed last September had to be "implemented quickly," to overcome violence threatening to derail it.

"If it is not implemented quickly then the enemies of peace will gain momentum," he

Earlier Saturday Mr. Jackson was critical of Israel for banning a conference markingthe PLO's 30th anniversary, saying the measure amounted to giving 'a gift to the saboteurs of peace."

"After these 30 years, a new Israeli-PLO equation has been established, one of coexistence rather of co-annihilation. negotiation rather than con-frontation," Mr. Jackson said. Israel objected to it being held in occupied Jerusalem,

citing security reasons yet saying it could be convened in the occupied West Bank. Later Saturday Mr. Jackson was to dine with Foreign Minister Shimon Peres.

Student charged with giving away computer programmes

BOSTON (AP) - An MIT

Cup final in 1990.

student was charged with setting up a computer bulletin board service providing free copies of commercial computer programmes. David Lamacchia, 20, a junior at Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT), was indicted on one felony count of conspiring to commit wire fraud, said U.S. attorney Donald K. Stern. Computer bulletin boards allow users to share information via telephone lines, including the copying of computer programmes, known as software. Mr. Lamacchia, an electrical engineering and computer science major from Rockville, MD., used the computer aliases "John Gaunt" and "Grimjack" to operate the bulletin board in November, December and early January, the indictment said. As many as 180 people used the illegal software library over one 16hour period, copying bundreds of copyrighted programmes, it said. MIT's system is part of the computer network Internet, so users worldwide were able to illegally copy the software, Mr. Stern said. MIT computer specialists discovered the bulletin board in December and notified authorities. Mr. Lamacchia's attorney, David Duncan, said the wire fraud statute was never meant to be applied to a computer case. And he said his client should not be held responsible for the activities of other people who may or may not have used his bulletin board to exchange software and other information. "This raises serious first amendment issues," he said. Mr. Duncan said Mr. Lamacchia would not comment on the case.

Israelis tense after spate of bloodletting By Nicolas B. Tatro Palestinian workers and their settler. The attack took place spring festival celebrated by

The Associated Press

TEL AVIV radios crackled with a flurry of reports about suspicious objects and bomb scares after attacks by Palestinians left eight Israelis dead this week. One woman asked police to check out a cake she received unexpectedly, saying it was not ber birthday.

It was a measure of the

daily tension in Israel despite peacemaking with the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO). Bloodshed and worry are taking a toll on support for Prime Minister Yitzhak Rahin's moves towards peace.

Israelis are faced with everyday choices in which security is the key component: Is it too risky to go to the countryside for a holiday picnic or shop in a mall that could be a bomb target?

The Hamas group fuelled such fears this week, issuing a mosque massacre of more Fitr holiday into a black day, so we vow to turn your independence day into hell," said the leaflet The leastet was distributed

after a Hamas car-bomb at a bus stop killed seven Israelis and wounded 40, and a Gazan sprayed a bus stop with gunfire, killing an Israeli soldier and wounding four

right demanded suspension of the peace talks. Its call gained support after PLO leader Yasser Arafat refused to condemn the latest attacks.

cided to press ahead with talks with the PLO on Sunday in Cairo, although the pace of withdrawal may go slower and Palestinians will pay a price economically. "I am fully aware that less people are enthusiastic about

the peace process but that is

Ephraim Sneh, a parliament

not a reason to stop it," said

member of Mr. Rabin's Labour Party. "What is the option, to surrender to terrorism? Will there be less killings if the process stops?" Columnist Nahum Barnea

criticised Mr. Rabin's government for failing to campaign in the streets for the peace agreement.

a little terror with hope for peace than a little terror without any hope, but there is no one saying it," Mr. Barnea wrote.

But if Rabin is not going to the people, the people are gettiog at him.

culogy. Earlier this month, eggs North African Jews earlier this week. Mr. Rabin himself was booed at a rally. The extent of Israeli con-

cera about violence was reflected in a survey by Tel Aviv University's Jaffee Centre for Strategic Studies. The poll of 1,239 Israelis conducted from mid-January to mid-February found 76 per cent expressed concern that they or family members would be hurt in an attack.

'Clearly, there has been a breakdown in security," Benjamin Netanyahu, leader of the Opposition Likud Party, said in an interview with the Associated Press. Mr. Netanyahu predicted

Mr. Rabin would meet more resistance as Israelis realise Mr. Arafat "is not negotiating over peace but the creation of a Palestinian state which they consider the first phase in a plan to destroy

The government's response to the latest attacks has been to order an indefinite closure of the West Bank and Gaza Strip, barring

vehicles from entering Israel. More than 60,000 Palestinians normally come to jobs in Israel daily, but the government was expected to approve plans to bring in

and agricultural workers from Thailand and Romania. "The Palestinians have to know that there is an economie price to pay for attacks. and we in Israel must know that we got by without them and can get by without them today.' Police Minister Moshe Shahal said on Israel

about 20,000 construction

The April 13 target date for completing withdrawal is unlikely to be reached. But withdrawal is too far along in the Gaza Strip and the West Bank town of Jericho to hold up implementation of the first phase of the Israel-PLO

Still, more attacks like the Afula car-bombing could make Israel less willing to see self-rule extended to other areas of the West Bank and harden Mr. Rabin's position m future negotiations on the final status of Jewish settlers.

U.S. regrets foreign banning of Schindler's List WASHINGTON (R) — The

United States said Friday it regrets that some foreign countries are aiming to keep the film Schindler's List out of their theatres. "The Department of State regrets efforts by some foreign governments to prevent the showing of the Oscar award-winning Steven Spielberg film on the Nazi bolocaust, Schindler's List," State Department spokesman Mike McCurry said. "The department believes that this film should be available to people worldwide, and that the most effective way to avoid the recurrence of genocidal tragedy is to ensure that past acts of genocide are never forgotten."

cies) - The U.N. Security Council late Friday retained its senctions against Libya for not 1988 Lockerbie air crash over Scotland, saying there was no reason to lift the embargoes. "The review was conducted ers, if necessary. and the members of the council were unable to conclude that there was any reason for the council president, Colin

sanctions that include a ban on

The embargoes also freeze some financial assets abroad but not revenues derived from oil, Libya's lifeline. Countries are banned from selling equipment for oil refineries and transport to Libya but can sell Tripoli oil drilling equipment.
Britain and the United

States have indicated two Libyans, Abdnl Baset Ali Mohammad Al Megrahi and Al Amin Khalifa Fhimah, in connection with the 1988 bombing of Pan Am Flight 103 over Lockerbie in which 270

United States for Britain.

which 171 people died.

Friday's closed meeting. Britain's deputy ambassa-

"There is no evidence that the Libyan government are ge-

trial in a third country was

Hebron wall builds Arab-Israeli divide

HEBRON, Occupied West Bank (AP) — It did not take ·long for the new wall separating Arab from Jew to become a forum for hatred in this city. still smoldering from the mosque massacre.

"Death to the arabs," reads a slogan in Hebrew sprayed on the two-metre-high wall slicing through the heart of the old

"Let's turn Hebron into a Jewish city," reads another, signed by the outlawed Jewish

extremist group Kach.
"Blood for blood," counters nearby graffiti signed hy Hamas. The message praised the car-bomh attack Wednesday that killed eight in the Israeli town of Afula as "the beginning of the revenge of the

Hehron mosque massacre." The army put up the concrete blocks as a security measure for two Jewish enclaves housing some of the 450 Jewish settlers who live in the middle

of Hebron's 110,000 Palesti-But some settlers would rather not have the extra pro-

"It makes me feel like I live in a ghetto," said settler Anat Levy, 30, who has lived in Hebron for 12 years. "The wall shows the weakness of the army, and I would prefer them

to take it down.

A Jewish settler shot and killed more than 30 Muslim worshippers at the Ibrahimi Mosque on Feb. 25. Some Palestinians say wall or no wall, hatred between Arabs and Jews will grow as long as the settlers stay, protected in their six enclaves by hundteds of soldiers altering the daily pattern of life for the Arabs. "Coexistence between Jews and Muslims was prosperous under the Turkish rule, but it is now impossible, even with a

mian mayor. "The settlers are extremists and oppose the peace agreement. The army erected the 100metre-long wall, made of contrete slabs, two weeks ago to improve protection for two set-

brace agreement between strael and the PLO," said Mus-

tafa Natche, the new Palesti-

tler endaves, Beit Hadassah and Avraham Avinu. The wall and army roadblocks ringing the Jewish compounds cut downtown Hebron in half. Palestinians are harred from passing through the area. and have to take detours of several kilometres through the outskirts to travel between the northern and southern parts of

the city. The army has closed 750 shops in the area as well as the central vegetable market. which did \$35,000 a day in

husiness before the massacre. Mohammad Hourani, leader of the Palestine Liberation Organisation's (PLO) mainstream Fatch faction in Hebron, said the restrictions were oppressive and further undermined the standing of Fateh and other groups hacking

negotiations with Israel. We want genuine changes on the ground, among them the evacuation of the settlers from the heart of the town. Only this will bring life back to normal," he said.

Mr. Hourani's chief rival in the town. Hamas leader Adnan Maswadeh, agreed. "The wall will not mollify the friction between us and them." The wall with its slogans

clearly expresses the settlers'

wishful thinking in transferring the Arabs out of the town or killing them," said Mr. Mas-Under an Israel-PLO arrangement. 160 observers from Norway, Denmark and Italy are to he deployed in

Henron soon to help defuse

the tension. But many Hebron residents said the deployment of the observers was too little, too late. The foreigners will have pistols for self-defence and are to report any violations to an Israeli-PLO liaison committee, hut have no right to break up hostilities.

"The Palestinian leaders

have lost their credibility be-

cause they did not succeed in

removing the settlers out of the

city." said Jihad Shabaneh.

who had worked as an accoun-

tant for the vegetable market.

leaflet threatening attacks on Israel's "independence day," on Thursday, for the Feh. 25 than 30 Muslims by a Jewish

just before the Eid Al Fitt feast that ends the Holy Month of Ramadan. You turned the Eid Al

other Israelis. In response, the Israeli

But the government de-

of the daily Yedioth Ahronot

"We can perhaps tell these people that it is better to bave

NEWS ANALYSIS

The government representative at the funeral for the victims of the car-bomh attack in Afula left under police escort after heing cursed and shouted down when he tried to deliver a

and tomatoes were flung at members of the cabinet who attended the Maimouna, a